

Working Toward Continuous Corporate Value Enhancement

January 31, 2025



Growth

- We aim to be a leader in next generation energy systems while creating value with our customers, society and business partners ("Compass 2030")
- We aim to realize the above accompanied by **earnings growth and increased capital efficiency** through asset optimization (ROE of 10% around 2030)

Business portfolio management for growth

Seeds for mid-to-long term growth

(Energy × GX/DX Solution)

- **Green Transformation:** Leverage capabilities to develop, procure, and retail renewables.
- **Solutions:** Optimize processes and systems related to energy facilities of our customer base

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Redistribution of resources

Divestment of non-core assets

- **Identify assets for divestment** by the end of this fiscal year
- Sale of Australian LNG project (2024/3)
- Sale of Mexican renewable business (2024/2)

Growth Area

Drivers for short-to-mid term growth

(Energy × Peripheral Areas(global, solutions, real estate))

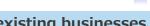
- LNG Trading: Utilize our facilities and optionality of contracts
- Electric Power(VPP):

 Maximize the value of

 DERs/BESS**3, based on our

 operational expertise
- US business: Establish energy VC*1 based on the core of TGNR*2
- Real estate/solutions: Develop real estate and enhance value with smart energy solution incorporating BCP and ESG needs

Redistribution of resources



Optimization of existing businesses

(Energy/Infrastructure)

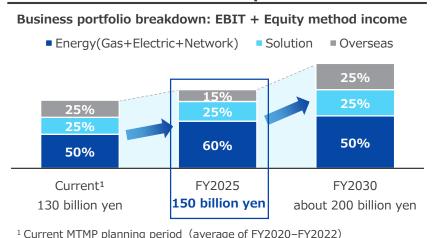
- Retail (gas): 9million accounts, accelerate value engineering
- Gas distribution: accelerate installation of smart meter
- Retail (electric power): 4million accounts, install Kraken as new CIS system

Profitability (also consider the strategic fit to identify assets for divestment)



- Commit to achieve a ROE of 8% by FY2025, our final year in the current MTMP
- Aim to increase profits and achieve a ROE of 10% or more around FY2030, considering cost of equity.
- Realize sustainable corporate value enhancement through sound balance sheet management and improved capital efficiency

Commitment towards improved ROE

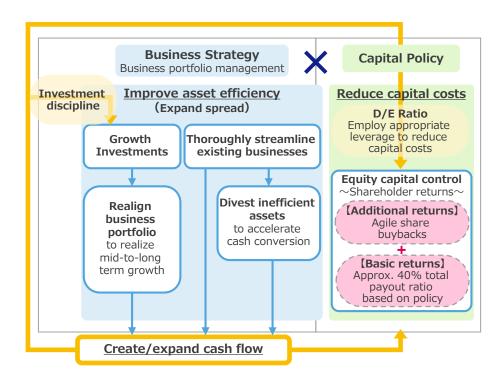


Improve ROE by exceeding previously published profit targets through balance sheet management

	FY23A	FY24E	FY25E (MTMP)	Around FY30E
ROE	10.4%	4.3%	~8%	>10%

Balance sheet management

 Sustainable capital efficiency with two pillars, business portfolio management (PFM) and capital policy



 Specific initiatives to achieve a ROE of 8% by FY2025 and key themes for the management plan post current MTMP to be announced by the end of March

Overview and current status

• Developing detailed action plan for next fiscal year

Net Income (R): Realize profits from overseas investments, reduce non-recurring expenses,, expand LNG trading, and execute asset divestments

Shareholders' Equity (E): Announcing additional 40 billion yen buyback. Current buyback program already completed. Further dividends increase under consideration

⇒Details on next page

 Continue sound PFM, considering factors such as growth potential, asset efficiency, and synergies

• Further accelerate divestment of inefficient assets, including real estate, and businesses, while redistributing resources to growth areas

Develop a disciplined capital policy, including cash allocation, optimal capital structure and proactive shareholder returns

Upcoming Schedule

- Disclose FY2025
 plan and key
 themes for the next
 management plan
 in March 2025
- Next management plan scheduled to be announced around February 2026

Disciplined Capital Policy

Sound PFM

Initiatives to

new MTMP

for

(ev themes

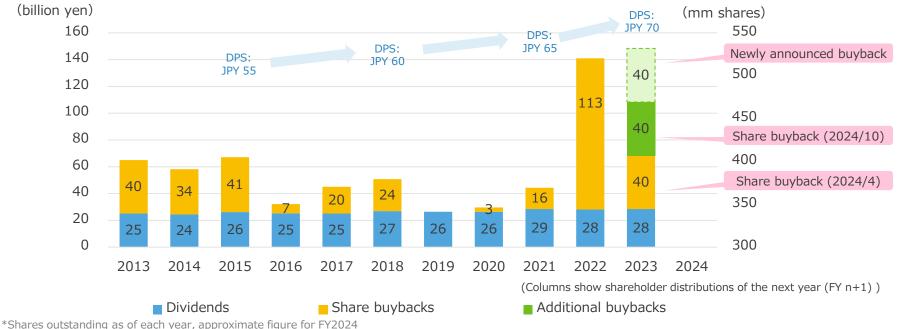
achieve a ROE

of 8% by FY25

We will disclose the progress of the initiatives above in a timely manner and strengthen the engagement with shareholders and investors.

Enhancing Capital Policy

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- Achieving 8% ROE in FY2025 is our top priority in the current Medium-Term Management Plan
- A large-scale buyback program to be implemented from FY2024 to FY2025
- Decided to execute additional buyback of 40 billion yen, targeting completion by end of FY2024
- Maintain an appropriate level* of equity capital over the medium to long term
- X Appropriate level of equity capital will be announced in March, along with profit level to be achieved
- > The buyback program in FY2024 (totaling approx. 120 billion yen) is expected to result in
 - 87% total return on net income for the previous fiscal year
 - Explore the possibility of **increasing dividends** with the goal of maintaining a progressive dividend based on our shareholder return policy (stable dividend with a gradual increase)

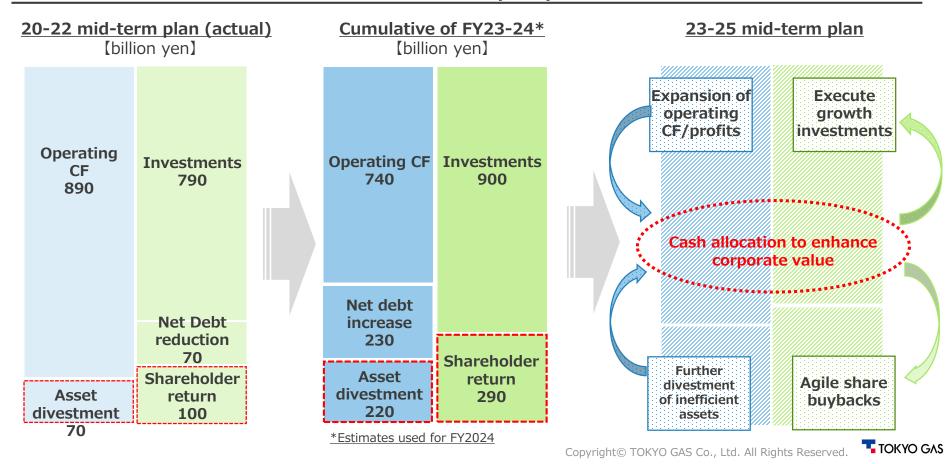






- Cumulative operating CF for FY23-24 progressing as planned. Have increased growth investments by using proceeds from asset sales, while also **increasing allocation for shareholder returns**
- Improve capital efficiency through sound balance sheet management. Continue growth investments and share buybacks to maintain an optimal equity base through profit expansion and divestments of inefficient assets

Evolution of and future vision for cash allocation policy

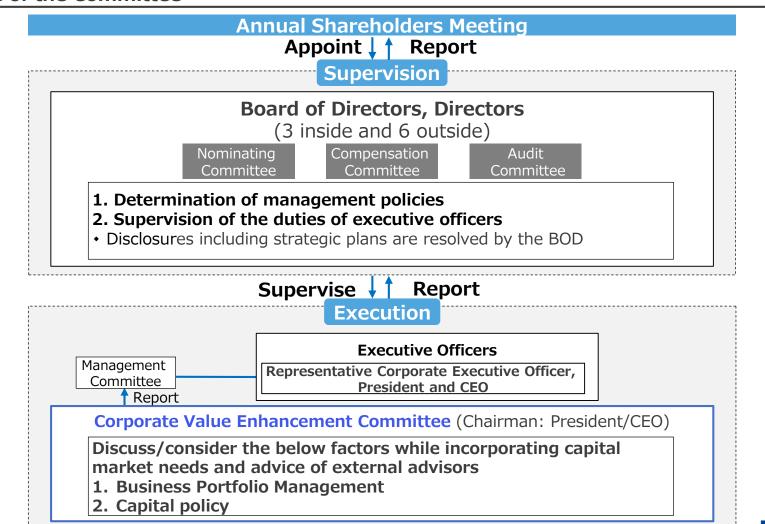


Establishment of the Corporate Value Enhancement Committee



- Established committee to refine business PFM and capital policy, while incorporating capital market needs
- Important contents discussed at committee will be reported to the BOD. The BOD, which the majority of are independent members, can further disclose certain content through resolutions

Structure of the Committee





< Cautionary Statement regarding Forward-looking Statements >

Statements made in this presentation with respect to Tokyo Gas's present plans, forecasts, strategies and beliefs, and other statements herein that are not expressions of historical fact are forward-looking statements about the future performance of the Company. As such, they are based on management's assumptions and opinions stemming from currently available information and therefore involve risks and uncertainties.

The Company's actual performance may greatly differ from these projections, due to these risks and uncertainties which include without limitation general economic conditions in Japan, crude oil prices, the weather, changes in the foreign exchange rate of the yen, rapid technological innovations and the Company's responses to the progress of deregulation.