FY2000 ending March 2000

Interim Non-Consolidated Financial Statements (Half-Year Ending September 30, 2000)

(Half-Year Ending September 30, 2000)

Tokyo Gas Co., Ltd

Code No.: 9531

Contact: Mr. Hisashi Matsukura, Manager,

Final Accounts Group

Tel: 03-5400-7545

Meeting of board of directors to approve end of half-year accounts:

The company has an interim dividend scheme.

Commencement of interim dividends:

Shares listed on:

Tokyo Stock Exchange, Osaka Securities Exchange, Nagoya Stock Exchange, Kyoto Stock Exchange Location of head office (prefecture): Tokyo

November 22, 2000

November 22, 2000

1 2000 / G / 1 20 2000

December 8, 2000

1.Results for half-year ending September 2000 (April 1, 2000 to September 30, 2000)

(1) Business results

(Rounded down to the nearest million yen.)

* *			•		•	
	Sales		Operating profi	Operating profits		ts
	(Unit: ¥1 million)	%	(Unit: ¥1 million)	%	(Unit: ¥1 million)	%
Half-year ending Sept. 2000	409,314	9.6	22,405	59.6	14,610	71.9
Half-year ending Sept. 1999	373,583	-3.2	14,034	-30.5	8,501	-13.2
Year ending Mar. 2000	869,939		51,296		34,929	

	Half-year/current net profits	Half-year/current net earnings per share
	(Unit: ¥1 million) %	(Unit: ¥1)
Half-year ending Sept. 2000	4,545 -46.5	1.62
Half-year ending Sept. 1999	8,501 29.0	3.03
Year ending Mar. 2000	22,395	7.97

Notes: 1. Average number of outstanding shares during the period ended:

Half-year ending September 2000: 2,810,012,006 shares
Half-year ending September 1999: 2,810,012,006 shares
Year ending March 2000 2,810,012,006 shares

2. Changes in accounting methods: None

3. Percentage figures on sales, operating profits, ordinary profits and half-year/current net profits indicate the percentage change on the interim results for the previous year.

(2) Dividends

	Interim dividend per share (Unit: ¥1) 2.50	Annual dividend per share
	(Unit: ¥1)	(Unit: ¥1)
Half-year ending Sept. 2000	2.50	_
Half-year ending Sept. 1999	2.50	_
Year ending Mar. 2000	_	5.00

(3) Financial position

	Total assets	Shareholders' equity	Ratio to shareholders'	Shareholders' equity
			equity	per share
	(Unit: ¥1 million)	(Unit: ¥1 million)	%	(Unit: ¥1)
Half-year ending Sept. 2000	1,478,190	500,675	33.9	178.18
Half-year ending Sept. 1999	1,403,388	392,689	28.0	139.75
Year ending Mar. 2000	1,493,699	443,363	29.7	157.78

Note: Number of outstanding shares as of:

Half-year ending September 2000: 2,810,012,006 shares Half-year ending September 1999: 2,810,012,006 shares Year ending March 2000: 2,810,012,006 shares

2. Results forecast for the year ending March 2001 (April 1, 2000 - March 31, 2001)

	Sales	Ordinary profits	Net current profits	Annual dividen	d per share
				Year-end	
	(Unit: ¥1 million)	(Unit: ¥1 million)	(Unit: ¥1 million)	(Unit: ¥1)	(Unit: ¥1)
Full term	941,000	48,000	20,000	2.50	5.00

Reference: 1. Forecast net earnings per share (full year): ¥7.12

Breakdown of sales (full year):
 Gas: ¥727,500 million
 Miscellaneous: ¥213,500 million

Non-consolidated results for Tokyo Gas

1. Business policy

(1) Business policy

Our announcement of rates cuts in November 1999 was also accompanied by the announcement of our mediumterm management plan, which describes our aim of becoming a new type of public utility that contributes to the customer and community as a public utility while at the same time increasing its corporate value as a joint-stock company.

The three main priorities of our medium-term management plan are (1) to strengthen our corporate structure by achieving sweeping improvements in operating efficiency, (2) to increase competitiveness to survive in an era of mega-competition in the energy market, and (3) to increase our corporate value through more effective allocation of business resources.

Focusing on our core LNG business operations, we will continue in our efforts to position ourselves as a total energy provider of gas, electric power, and thermal energy, and to further improve our levels of safety and services in order to meet the high expectations of society and our customers and shareholders alike.

Targets for improvements in profits and financial structure

Free cash flow	(¥ 1 billion)	<fy 2000-2004="" 5-year="" ave.=""></fy>	50.0
ROA	(%)	<fy 2000-2004="" 5-year="" ave.=""></fy>	1.9
Turnover of total capital	(Times)	<fy 2000-2004="" 5-year="" ave.=""></fy>	0.65
Interest-bearing debt	(¥ 1 billion)	<fy 2004=""></fy>	610.0

(2) Basic policy on allocation of earnings

We will aggressively push ahead with moves to develop new sources of demand and drastically improve business efficiency in order to increase cash flow. Earnings thus generated will naturally be allocated to our shareholders as well as being used to expand new field of business and strengthen our financial structure.

2. Business performance

<Summary of results for the half-year ending September 2000>

(1) Gas sales

Overall gas sales increased 3.9% on a year earlier to 3.942 billion cubic meters. Residential gas sales rose 0.6% as a result of an increase in households served due, among other factors, to expansion of the customer base.

Commercial and other forms of business demand enjoyed healthy growth of 5.0% and 11.5% respectively, due in the main to strong demand for air conditioners because of the warm summer.

Industrial demand grew 2.1% due to the increase in capacity utilization by existing users and acquisition of new users.

Sales to other gas utilities also grew 10.9% due to an increase in the volume of gas contracted by utilities' own customers.

Gas sales for half-year ending September 30, 2000

					AprSept. 2000	AprSept. 1999	Change	% change
No. of gas users Thousan		Thousand	8,766	8,618	148	1.7		
	Hous	sehold		m^3	26.30	26.71	-0.41	-1.5
o				Mil. m ³	1,176	1,169	7	0.6
un	Bu	usines	Commercial	Mil. m ³	802	764	38	5.0
volume	S		Other	Mil. m ³	326	292	34	11.5
es		Industrial Mil. m ³		1,208	1,183	25	2.1	
sales	Su	Sub total Mil.		Mil. m ³	2,336	2,239	97	4.3
Gas	Supp	Supplies to other Mil. m ³		Mil. m ³	430	387	43	10.9
	utilit	ties						
	Total	Total		Mil. m ³	3,942	3,795	147	3.9
Av	ve. tem	nperati	ure	°C	23.0	23.1	-0.1	

Notes: 1. The upper row of figures for residential demand indicates gas sales per meter read (m³/household/month)

2. "Other" for business demand indicates sales to public and medical institutions.

(2) Summary of incomes and expenditures

Sales

Despite the effects of a reduction in rates, gas sales grew \(\xi\)24.2 billion (8.5%) on a year earlier to \(\xi\)310.8 billion thanks to an increase in gas sales and rates revision under the feedstock cost adjustment system.

Total sales including contracted work, gas appliance sales and sales from subsidiary business rose \(\xi\)35.7 billion (9.6%) to \(\xi\)409.3 billion.

Expenses

Cost of sales grew \$19.3 billion (22.9%) on a year earlier due to a dramatic increase in feedstock costs caused by soaring oil prices. As a result of efforts to curb sales, supply and general administrative expenses, however, operating expenses rose only \$19.7 billion (7.1%) overall.

Total expenses including contracted construction work, gas appliance sales and subsidiary business expenses increased ¥27.3 billion (7.6%) to ¥386.9 billion.

Profits

As a consequence, operating profit rose ¥8.3 billion (59.6%) on a year earlier to ¥22.4 billion. Adding in non-operating profit, ordinary profit thus rose ¥6.1 billion (71.9%) to ¥14.6 billion.

Due to a ¥7.8 billion extraordinary loss resulting from the write-off of unfunded retirement benefit obligations arising from the amendment of accounting standards for retirement benefits, interim net profit fell ¥3.9 billion (46.5%) to ¥4.5 billion.

Incomes and expenditures for half-year ending September 30, 2000

(Unit: ¥100 million)

Income		Change from Rate (%)		Ī	Expenses		Change from	Rate (%)	
			previous year				previous year		
				 	2	Cost of sales	1,041	193	22.9
				! !	Operating expenses	Sales and	1,922	3	0.2
luc	Gas sales	3,108	242	8.5	era	administrative		!	
Product					Op ex	expenses			
						Sub total	2,963	197	7.1
	Construction orders	266	20	8.2	es	Construction orders	267	12	4.8
sales	Gas appliances	520	84	19.5	expenses	Gas appliances	478	51	11.9
	Subsidiary	197	9	5.0	exp	Subsidiary	160	12	8.8
Other	businesses				ther	businesses		į	
	Sub total	984	114	13.2	Ot	Sub total	905	76	9.2
Tot	tal sales	4,093	357	9.6	Tota	l expenses	3,869	273	7.6
					Ope	rating profit	224	83	59.6
No	Non-operating income 6		-22	-27.1	Non	-operating expenses	137	0	_
					Ordi	nary profit	146	61	71.9
					Extr	aordinary loss	78	78	_
				! !	Current net profit		45	-39	-46.5

(Rounded down to nearest 100 million yen)

Notes: [1] Cost of sales includes cost of raw materials of \(\frac{\pmax}{8}\)3.7 billion (increase by \(\frac{\pmax}{2}\)1.7 billion, or 35.0%, from the previous term).

- [2] Non-operating expenses include interest expenses of ¥9 billion (increase by ¥60 million, or 0.6%, from the previous term).
- [3] Sales, supply and general administrative expenses of ¥4.5 billion are deferred in the previous term based on the unamended regulations concerning interim consolidated financial statements.

	Half-year ending Sept. 2000	Half-year ending Sept. 1999	Change		Half-year ending Sept. 2000	Half-year ending Sept. 1999	Change
Crude-oil price (\$/bbl)	27.91	16.65	11.26	Yen/dollar rate	107.19	117.31	-10.12

Outlook for the year

Gas sales for the year ending March 31, 2001 are expected to increase 3.5% on the previous year to 8.711 billion cubic meters due to strong growth in the second half of the year, during which the bulk of demand is concentrated. Taking into consideration an expected adjustment of rates under the feedstock cost adjustment system on account of soaring oil prices, gas sales are consequently projected to grow \(\frac{1}{2}\)6 billion on the previous year to \(\frac{1}{2}\)727.5 billion.

Although high oil prices in the second half of the year are expected to cause feedstock costs to rise dramatically, action will continue to be taken in the latter half of the year to curb expenses by further cutting costs and improving business efficiency.

Including contracted construction work, gas appliance sales and subsidiary business, the projections for the year ending March 31, 2001 are as follows: a rise on the previous year of ¥71.0 billion (8.2%) to ¥941.0 billion in total sales, and a rise of ¥13.0 billion (37.4%) to ¥48.0 billion in ordinary profit

Net profit is projected to fall by \(\frac{\pmathbf{Y}}{2.4}\) billion (10.7%) to \(\frac{\pmathbf{Y}}{20}\) billion due to a \(\frac{\pmathbf{Y}}{15.6}\) billion extraordinary loss resulting from the write-off of unfunded retirement benefit obligations arising from the amendment of accounting standards for retirement benefits.

Gas sales for FY2000

				Year ending Mar. 2001 (Estimate)	Year ending Mar. 2000 (Actual)	Change	Rate of change (%)
	1	No. of gas users	Thousand	8,853	8,715	138	1.6
	Н	ousehold	Mil. m ³	3,071	2,994	77	2.6
a		g Commercial	Mil. m ³	1,596	1,517	79	5.2
volume		Other	Mil. m ³	671	627	44	7.0
vol		Industrial	Mil. m ³	2,456	2,431	25	1.0
		Sub total	Mil. m ³	4,723	4,575	148	3.2
sales	Su	pplies to other	Mil. m ³	917	849	68	8.0
Gas	uti	ilities					
	To	otal	Mil. m ³	8,711	8,418	293	3.5
	A۱	e. temperature	°C	16.9	17.0	-0.1	

Balance Sheet

(Unit: ¥1 million)

			~-	(Unit: ¥1 mi
Account	Half-year	Previous year	Change	Half-year
	(ending Sept. 30, 2000)	(ended Mar. 31, 2000)		(ended Sept. 30, 1999)
(Assets)	2000)	2000)		30, 1999)
Fixed assets	1,293,593	1,250,442	43,151	1,215,776
Tangible fixed assets	1,015,699	1,029,954	-14,255	1,028,950
Production facilities	274,775	287,383	-14,233	300,652
Distribution facilities	487,279	489,415	-2,136	443,426
Business facilities	81,033	82,930	-2,130	85,889
Associated business facilities	46,798	48,528	-1,730	35,864
Idle facilities	40,798	40,320	-1,730	203
Construction in progress	125,807	121,690	4,117	162,914
Intangible fixed assets	14,828	16,598	-1,770	16,408
Patent rights		1	0	2
Leaseholds	898	895	3	814
Other intangible fixed assets	13,929	15,700	-1,771	15,591
Investments etc.	263,065	203,889	59,176	170,417
Investment securities	114,023	19,622	94,401	19,800
Investments in affiliates	86,035	88,547	-2,512	89,531
Long-term loans receivable	80	0	80	0
Long-term loans within company	4,302	4,049	253	4,364
Investments in partnership	5	5	0	25
Long-term prepaid expenses	47,443	48,813	-1,370	50,057
Deferred tax assets	5,118	36,751	-31,633	_
Miscellaneous investments	7,214	7,254	-40	7,859
Allowances for doubtful accounts	-1,159	-1,155	-4	-1,222
Current assets	184,596	243,257	-58,661	187,611
Cash and deposits	4,920	46,990	-42,070	7,916
Trade notes receivable	1,176	610	566	297
Trade notes receivable from affiliates	100	100	0	100
Accounts receivable	61,850	78,091	-16,241	55,513
Accounts receivable from affiliates	5,608	5,759	-151	3,870
Uncollected accounts	6,247	9,409	-3,162	6,586
Negotiable securities	1	3	-2	3
Finished products	75	91	-16	79
Raw materials	14,663	15,501	-838	15,130
Supplies	5,366	6,472	-1,106	6,876
Prepaid expenses	3,675	160	3,515	3,780
Short-term loans to affiliates	36,000	30,000	6,000	39,000
Short-term credits against affiliates	1,466	1,597	-131	1,446
Deferred tax assets	3,803	6,454	-2,651	
Other current assets	40,099	42,944	-2,845	47,796
Allowances for doubtful accounts	-459	-929	470	-786
7 movemees for dodottul decounts	737	727	770	700
Total assets	1,478,190	1,493,699	-15,509	1,403,388

(Unit: ¥1 million)

	TT 10	D :	`	Jnit: #1 million)
Account	Half-year	Previous year	Change	Half-year
	(ending Sept. 30,	(ended Mar. 31,		(ended Sept. 30,
	2000)	2000)		1999)
(Liabilities)	07.0.1			
Fixed liabilities	856,064	839,158	16,906	809,385
Straight bonds	276,843	258,143	18,700	228,143
Convertible bonds	352,313	355,334	-3,021	355,363
Long-term bank loans payable	96,566	96,139	427	96,485
Long-term obligations to affiliates	755	794	-39	885
Retirement benefit reserve	124,212	_	124,212	
Estimated retirement allowances	, <u> </u>	102,451	-102,451	102,216
Allowances for repairs of gas holders	3,126	3,264	-138	3,242
Past years of serve expenses for tax	3,120	21,360	-21,360	21,257
qualified pension program		21,300	-21,300	21,237
	2 247	1,660	570	1 702
Other fixed liabilities	2,247	1,669	578	1,792
Current liabilities	121 450	211 177	90 727	201 212
	121,450	211,177	-89,727	201,313
Fixed liabilities due within one year	7,738	51,999	-44,261	52,448
Accounts payable	13,662	18,397	-4,735	31,761
Short-term bank loans payable	431	403	28	19,094
Other accounts payable	19,289	45,022	-25,733	26,768
Accrued expenses	34,840	39,777	-4,937	33,215
Corporation tax payable, etc.	5,941	17,080	-11,139	4,193
Advances received	10,999	6,419	4,580	8,435
Deposits received	4,735	1,596	3,139	1,357
Short-term obligations to affiliates	9,589	16,576	-6,987	8,915
Other current liabilities	14,221	13,904	317	15,122
Other current habilities	17,221	13,704	317	13,122
Total liabilities	977,515	1,050,336	-72,821	1,010,699
(Shareholders' equity)	,	, ,	,	, ,
Common stock	141,817	141,817	0	141,817
	-			
Common stock	141,817	141,817	0	141,817
Legal reserves	37,492	37,492	0	37,492
Capital reserve	2,038	2,038	0	2,038
Earned surplus reserve	35,454	35,454	0	35,454
Retained earnings	261,489	264,052	-2,563	213,378
Expropriation etc. compression reserve	993	993	0	1,556
Reserve against losses on foreign investments	23	27	-4	42
etc.				
Reserve against depreciation of construction	4,420	3,937	483	6,171
of specified gas pipes	.,	- ,		-,-,-
Raw material cost fluctuation adjustment	141,000	141,000	0	141,000
reserve	141,000	141,000	U	141,000
	90,000	44,000	45,000	44,000
General reserves	89,000	44,000	45,000	44,000
Unappropriated earned surplus of the current	26,052	74,095	-48,043	20,607
half-year	(4 5 45)	(00.005)	(17 050)	(0.501)
(Interim net profit)	(4,545)	(22,395)	(-17,850)	(8,501)
Unrealized gains on securities available for	59,874	_	59,874	_
sale	59,874	_	59,874	_
TT1:				
Unrealized gains on other securities				
Total shareholders' equity	500,675	443,363	57,312	392,689

Statement of income (Unit: ¥1 million)

Statement of meonic				(01111)	+1 IIIIIIOII <i>)</i>	
Account			Half year (Apr Sept. 2000)	Half year (Apr Sept. 1999)	Change	Previous year (Apr. 1999 - Mar. 2000)
Ordinary profit or loss		Product sales	310,880	286,590	24,290	665,834
	Operating profit or loss	Gas sales	310,880	286,590	24,290	665,834
		Cost of sales	104,151	84,773	19,378	207,393
		(Gross profit)	(206,729)	(201,817)	(4,912)	(458,440)
		Supply and sales expenses	154,030	146,021	8,009	317,696
		General and administrative expenses	38,180	45,817	-7,637	98,372
		(Profits on core business)	(14,518)	(9,978)	(4,540)	(42,370)
		Miscellaneous operating revenues	78,716	68,213	10,503	168,680
		Income of construction work received	26,693	24,679	2,014	61,441
		Revenues from sales of appliances	51,945	43,482	8,463	105,926
		Other miscellaneous operating revenues	77	51	26	1,313
		Missallaneous aparating avenues		68,207		
		Miscellaneous operating expenses	74,520		6,313	164,826
		Cost of construction work received	26,718	25,506	1,212	60,476
		Cost of sales of appliances	47,802	42,700	5,102	104,350
fit		Revenues from associated businesses	19,716	18,778	938	35,424
10		Expenses from associated businesses	16,025	14,728	1,297	30,352
j.		(Operating profit)	(22,405)	(14,034)	(8,371)	(51,296)
ary		Non-operating income	6,000	8,233	-2,233	14,317
na	Non-operating profit or loss	Interest income	198	168	30	352
L D		Divided income	667	1,143	-476	1,528
O				1,143		1,320
		Affiliates' dividends earned	679	2 102	679	2 (2)
		Foreign exchange gains or losses		2,493	-2,493	2,636
		Rental income	2,339	2,429	-90	4,770
		Miscellaneous revenues	2,116	1,997	119	5,028
		Non-operating expenses	13,795	13,766	29	30,685
		Interest paid	1,719	1,979	-260	3,885
		Interest on bonds	7,366	7,048	318	14,390
)-C	Amortization of bond issue costs	91	139	-48	277
	Ō	Balance on commissioned construction	2,582	3,341	-759	8,009
	Z			1,258	778	4,123
		Miscellaneous expenditures	2,036			
		(Ordinary profit)	(14,610)	(8,501)	(6,109)	(34,929)
Extraordinary profit		Extraordinary profits				512
)rc		Gain on sales of fixed assets	_			512
\ \frac{\dagger}{1}	S	Extraordinary losses				496
lar	OS	Losses on sales of fixed assets				10
dii	or loss	Losses on compression of fixed assets	_			485
lor	0	Unfunded obligations arising from	7,810		7,810	
Ħ2		amendment of accounting standards	ŕ		,	
Ex		for retirement benefits				
(Half-year/current net profit before income tax)			(6,799)	(8,501)	(-1,702)	(34,945)
Corporate taxes etc.			1,960		1,960	11,950
Adjustment for corporation tax, etc.			294	_	294	600
Half-year/current net profits			4,545	8,501	-3,956	22,395
Re	taine	ed earnings brought forward	21,507	12,106	9,401	12,106
Pri	or y	ear tax-effect adjustment	_	_	_	43,805
Decrease of reserves, etc. due to tax-effect accounting			_	_	_	2,813
		rm dividend	_	_	_	7,025
Un	disp	posed income of the half-year/current year	26,052	20,607	5,445	74,095
V 4 771 C						

Notes:1. The figures in the sales column for "Results for half-year ending September 2000: (1) Business results" are the total of product sales, miscellaneous operating revenues, and revenues from associated businesses.

Basis of interim financial statements

1. Accounting principles and procedures used in preparation of interim financial statements

- (1) Since the Company's business is by nature subject to seasonal variation, items entered under operating expenses (sales, supply and general administrative expenses) such as provision for addition to the retirement allowance reserve, depreciation expenses, fixed asset tax and salaries for the half-year ended September 30, 1999 were determined based on the estimated annual amounts allocated according to the ratio of sales in the past. There are no particular matters to record concerning the half-year ended September 30, 2000.
- (2) For corporation tax, etc., the amount of tax payable for the fiscal half-year is booked (the amount of tax calculated by adjusting interim net profit under tax law and multiplying by the tax rate).

2. Criteria and methods of valuation of assets

(1) Securities

Shares of subsidiaries and affiliates:

Valued at cost using the moving average method

Other securities (whose current value can be estimated):

Valued by the market value method based on their market price on the interim-closing date (unrealized gains and losses on securities available for sale were determined by the full capital injection method, and the cost of securities sold was calculated by the moving average method)

Other securities (whose current value cannot be estimated):

Valued on a cost basis using the moving average method

(2) Inventories (products, feedstock and supplies):

Valued on a cost basis using the moving average method

3. Method of depreciation of fixed assets

(1) Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets were depreciated by the declining balance method in accordance with the Corporation Tax Law. Buildings acquired on or after April 1, 1998, however, were depreciated by the straight line method (excluding ancillary equipment).

(2) Intangible fixed assets

Intangible fixed assets were depreciated by the straight line method in accordance with the Corporation Tax Law. Software used by the Company was depreciated using the straight line method based on the usable life of the software in the company.

4. Standards for declaration of reserves

(1) Reserve for loan losses

A reserve for loan losses is provided based on the historical loan loss rate for unsecured claims and the estimated collectibility of specific claims such as bankruptcy reorganization claims.

(2) Retirement benefit reserve

A retirement benefit reserve is provided for the payment of employees' retirement benefits expected to be paid at the end of the current interim fiscal year based on the estimated amounts of retirement benefit obligations and pension assets at the end of the current fiscal year.

The unfunded retirement benefit obligations arising from the amendment of accounting standards for retirement benefits (¥15.621 billion) are being amortized over the period of one year, and half has been booked to expenses this half-year ended September 30, 2000.

(3) Allowances for repairs of gas holders

To provide against spending on periodical repairs of spherical gas holders, an allowance for repairs of gas holders is entered equal to the estimated cost of the next round of repairs during the period up to the next round of repairs.

5. Treatment of leases

For accounting purposes, finance leases which do not transfer ownership of leased assets to lessees are treated as ordinary leases.

6. Treatment of consumption tax, etc.

Consumption tax, etc. is accounted for by the net-of-tax method.

<Supplementary information>

1. Accounting standards for employees' retirement benefits

The amended accounting standards on employees' retirement benefits are used from the half-year ended September 30, 2000.

2. Accounting standards for financial instruments

The accounting standards for financial instruments are used from the half-year ended September 30, 2000. As a consequence of the estimation of the current value of other securities, therefore, the value of investment securities is increased by ¥93.862 billion.

3. Accounting standards for foreign currency transactions

The amended accounting standards for foreign currency transactions are used from the half-year ended September 30, 2000.

<Notes>

- 1. Cumulative depreciation of tangible fixed assets: ¥1,812.471 billion (half-year ended September 1999: ¥1,719.524 billion)
- 2. Treasury stock is included in the \(\frac{\pmathbf{4}}{4}\) million of other current assets (15,000 shares). In the previous year, treasury stock was included under securities. (half-year ended September 1999: \(\frac{\pmathbf{3}}{3}\) million/12,000 shares)
- 3. Liabilities for guarantee: ¥13.441 billion (of which company liabilities: ¥8.593 billion) (half-year ended September 1999: ¥12.133 (of which company liabilities: ¥6.414 billion))
 - Contingent liabilities under undertakings to meet obligations: ¥30.0 billion (half-year ending September 1999: ¥30.0 billion)
- 4. Reserve for amortization of specific gas pipeline construction provided in accordance with the Special Taxation Measures Law: ¥266 million (half-year ended September 1999: ¥295 million)