Consolidated Results Bulletin: Year ending March 2001 Tokyo Gas Co., Ltd.

Shares listed on: Code No.: 9531

Tokyo Stock Exchange, Osaka Securities Exchange, Contact: Mr. Hisashi Matsukura, Manager,

> Nagoya Stock Exchange Settlement of Accounting Section

Location of head office (prefecture): Tokyo · Tel: 03-5400-7545

Meeting of board of directors to approve end of year accounts: May 21, 2001

Application of U.S. accounting standards (yes/no): No

Consolidated results for year ending March 2001 (April 1, 2000 to March 31, 2001)

(1) Consolidated business results

(Rounded down to the nearest million yen)

	Sales	Operating profits	Ordinary profits
Year ending March 2001 Year ending March 2000	(Unit: ¥1 million) (%) 1,086,770 9.5 992,255 -0.6	(Unit: ¥1 million) (%) 103,659 49.7 69,233 -4.2	(Unit: ¥1 million) (%) 66,875 53.0 43,720 2.8

	Current net profits	Net earnings per share	Net earnings per share adjusted for latent shares	Net rate of return on shareholders' equity	Ratio of current profits to total capital	Ratio of current profits to sales
Year ending March 2001 Year ending March 2000	(Unit: ¥1 million) (%) 27,595 3.4 26,698 50.3	(Unit: ¥1) 9.82 9.50	(Unit: ¥1) 9.13 8.84	(%) 5.3 5.9	(%) 3.7 2.5	(%) 6.2 4.4

Profit or loss on investment accounted for by equity method: Note: 1.

> Year ending March 2001 ¥348 million Year ending March 2000 ¥392 million

2. Average number of shares outstanding during the term Year ending March 2001 2,809,994,019 shares Year ending March 2000 2,809,995,119 shares

Changes in accounting methods: None

Percentage figures on sales, operating profits, ordinary profits and current net profits indicate the percentage change with the previous year.

(2) Consolidated financial position

	Total assets	Shareholders' equity	Ratio to	Shareholders'
			shareholders' equity	equity per share
	(Unit: ¥1 million)	(Unit: ¥1 million)	(%)	(Unit: ¥1)
Year ending March 2001	1,797,669	552,790	30.8	196.72
Year ending March 2000	1,805,086	484,239	26.8	172.33

Number of outstanding shares (consolidated basis) at year end: Note:

Year ending March 2001 2,810,003,266 shares Year ending March 2000 2,809,996,081 shares

(3) Consolidated cash flow

	Cash flow from	Cash flow from	Cash flow from	Balance of cash and cash
	operating activities	investment activities	financing activities	equivalents at year end
	(Unit: ¥1 million)	(Unit: ¥1 million)	(Unit: ¥1 million)	(Unit: ¥1 million)
Year ending March 2001	187,512	-115,846	-104,426	64,575
Year ending March 2000	154,641	-124,333	22,802	97,327

(4) Scope of subsidiaries and affiliates and application of equity method

Consolidated subsidiaries: 14

Non-consolidated subsidiaries accounted for by equity method: -

Consolidated affiliates accounted for by equity method: 1

(5) Changes in scope of consolidated subsidiaries and affiliates and application of equity method

Consolidated subsidiaries

Newly added: -Excluded: -

By equity method

Newly added: -Excluded: -

2. Results forecast for the year ending March 2002 (April 1, 2001 to March 31, 2002)

	Sales	Ordinary profits	Current net profits
	(Unit: ¥1 million)	(Unit: ¥1 million)	(Unit: ¥1 million)
Interim results	488,000	11,000	7,000
Annual results	1,100,000	56,000	35,000

Reference: Forecast annual net earnings per share (full year): ¥12.46

<Consolidated Results>

1. Business Policy

The era of mega-competition is becoming evident in the energy market with participation by electric and gas utilities in each other's fields and entry by newcomers as the deregulation trend proceeds. In January 2001, an adhoc group was established for the study of basic issues in the condition of the gas market in Japan. It is the group's mission to pursue discussions aimed at portraying the kind of regulatory framework that will be needed about ten years in the future if Japan's gas industry is to be both up to international standards and competitive, and identifying the steps leading up to the realization of this framework.

Tokyo Gas views these changes in the business environment as an opportunity to broaden and expand its business domain. To take full advantage of them and achieve steady advancement on a group-wide level, it formulated a medium-term management plan (FY2000 - 2004) in November 1999. The plan lays out a preferential format for the Tokyo Gas Group as a "new public utility" simultaneously satisfying the two prerequisites of making contributions to customers and communities as a public service enterprise, and increasing its corporate value as a joint-stock firm.

To attain this group-level objective, the company has placed at the core of its Group management development of business on the periphery of natural gas. It has posted the expansion of its own earnings as well as those of the rest of the Group members as a fundamental agenda item, alongside maximal use of human resources. To this effect, it reorganized the member firms into ten business fields, including energy sales, application of cryogenic energy, and chemicals. In each field, it is carrying out an extensive revision of arrangements and designating a key company to play a leading role. At present, it is therefore deploying policy for expanded income and profit on a consolidated basis, as well as growth driven by its own gas business.

Tokyo Gas will be stepping up its efforts to set up new fields of business and consolidate or close down companies, withdrawing from unprofitable operations, in accordance with a cool and objective ranking of growth potential with the aim of listing these businesses on the stock exchange.

2. Business Performance

Summary of results for the year ending March 2001

During fiscal 2000, the basic tone of the Japanese economy continued to fall short of autonomous recovery, partly because personal consumption remained sluggish. Uncertainty about its future course deepened amid the trend of a weak yen and slumping stock prices persisting from the second half of the previous year. As such, circumstances surrounding corporate enterprises remained harsh.

In this economic situation, the company's gas sales were able to maintain a trend of steady growth. In spite of the influence of rate reductions and other such factors, gas sales revenue showed a smooth increase, thanks in part to revision of unit charges in accordance with provisions for adjustment for feedstock costs.

While feedstock costs increased due to the jump in crude oil prices, Tokyo Gas promoted further rationalization and continued to do its utmost to curtail overhead, personnel expenses, and other costs.

As a result, the company posted consolidated sales of 1,086.7 billion yen, up 9.5 % (from fiscal 1999), operating profit of 103.6 billion yen, up 49.7 %, and an ordinary profit of 66.8 billion yen, up 53.0 %. During the term in question, it posted a sum of 21.9 billion yen in special losses associated with unfunded obligations arising from amendment of accounting standards for retirement benefits. This brought its current net profit to 27.5 billion yen, up 3.4 %.

<Consolidated Statements>

Consolidated Balance Sheet

Account	Current year	Previous year	Change
	(ending March 31, 2001)	(ending March 31, 2000)	
(Assets)	2001)		
Fixed assets	1,517,353	1,491,020	26,333
Tangible fixed assets	1,292,178	1,333,551	-41,373
Production facilities	285,889	286,946	-1,057
Distribution facilities	505,477	496,183	9,294
Business facilities	80,601	85,551	-4,950
Other facilities	324,084	340,911	-16,827
Idle facilities	5	5	_
Construction in progress	96,121	123,953	-27,832
Intangible fixed assets	19,251	19,819	-568
Other intangible fixed assets	19,251	19,819	-568
Investments, etc.	205,923	137,648	68,275
Investment securities	125,641	32,181	93,460
Long-term loans receivable	4,945	5,366	-421
Deferred tax assets	19,359	41,559	-22,200
Miscellaneous investments	57,122	59,922	-2,800
Allowances for doubtful accounts	-1,144	-1,381	237
Current assets	280,315	314,065	-33,750
Cash and deposits	21,509	57,926	-36,417
Notes and accounts receivable	127,036	125,512	1,524
Inventories	27,419	27,059	360
Deferred tax assets	8,260	7,559	701
Other current assets	97,188	97,512	-324
Allowances for doubtful accounts	-1,098	-1,504	406
Total assets	1,797,669	1,805,086	-7,417

Account	Current year	Previous year	Change
(Linkilian)	(ending March 31, 2001)	(ending March 31, 2000)	
(Liabilities) Fixed liabilities	974 221	1 002 520	120 200
	874,231	1,002,529	-128,298
Straight bonds	248,843	258,943	-10,100
Convertible bonds	245,445	355,334	-109,889
Long-term bank loans payable	214,040	229,357	-15,317
Deferred tax liabilities	2,662	275	2,387
Estimated retirement allowances	124215	106,392	-106,392
Estimated retirement benefits	134,215		134,215
Allowances for repairs of gas holders	3,324	3,341	-17
Other fixed liabilities	25,700	48,885	-23,185
Current liabilities	366,990	314,697	52,293
Fixed liabilities due within one year	122,032	71,959	50,073
Notes and accounts payable	43,285	39,284	4,001
Short-term bank loans payable	39,921	41,641	-1,720
Corporation tax payable, etc.	27,721	19,885	7,836
Deferred tax liabilities	5	45	-40
Other current liabilities	134,023	141,881	-7,858
Total liabilities	1,241,222	1,317,227	-76,005
Minority interest	3,656	3,619	37
(Shareholders' equity)	141 017	141 017	
Common stock	141,817	141,817	
Additional paid-in capital	2,038	2,038	12 407
Consolidated retained earnings	353,793	340,386	13,407
Mark-up from revaluation of securities	55,139	_	55,139
Translation adjustment account	3	_	3
	552,793	484,242	68,551
Treasury stock	-2	-3	1
Total shareholders' equity	552,790	484,239	68,551
Total liabilities, minority interest and shareholders' equity	1,797,669	1,805,086	-7,417

Consolidated Statement of Income

			(Unit: ¥1 million)
Account	Current year	Previous year	Change
	(April 2000 -	(April 1999 -	
	March 2001)	March 2000)	
Sales	1,086,770	992,255	94,515
Cost of sales	561,006	483,813	77,193
(Gross profit)	(525,764)	(508,441)	(17,323)
Supply and sales expenses	348,624	344,675	3,949
General and administrative expenses	73,480	94,532	-21,052
(Operating profit)	(103,659)	(69,233)	(34,426)
Non-operating income	8,372	10,202	-1,830
Interest income	205	210	-5
Dividend income	1,190	1,072	118
Return on investment accounted for by	348	392	-44
equity method			
Depreciation of construction costs	1,026	205	821
Income from rents	881	770	111
Miscellaneous revenues	4,721	7,551	-2,830
Non-operating expenses	45,156	35,716	9,440
Interest paid	22,866	23,366	-500
Balance on commissioned construction	6,271	7,837	-1,566
Environmental conditioning costs	5,568	_	5,568
Miscellaneous expenditures	10,449	4,512	5,937
(Ordinary profit)	(66,875)	(43,720)	23,155
Special profits	163	514	-351
Gain on sales of fixed assets	163	514	-351
Special losses	21,953	496	21,457
Loss from sale of fixed assets	46	10	36
Losses on compression of fixed assets	129	485	-356
Unfunded obligations arising from	21,776	-	21,776
amendment of accounting standards for			
retirement benefits			
Unadjusted (for tax, etc.) net income for	45,084	43,738	1,346
the current year			
Corporation tax, residence tax and	25,436	16,064	9,372
business tax	,	, i	,
Corporate taxes, etc.	-8,026	713	-8,739
Minority shareholder profit (loss)	80	261	-181
Current net profits	27,595	26,698	897
F	=:,0>0	= = , = > =	0,,

Statement of consolidated Retained Earnings

Account	Current year		Previou	s year	Change
	(April 2000 -		(April 1	1999 -	
	March	2001)	March	2000)	
Initial balance of consolidated retained	340,386		277,589		
earnings					
Prior year tax-effect adjustment	_	340,386	49,233	326,822	13,564
To an and in the state of the s					
Increase in consolidated retained earnings					
Increase in retained earnings due to	-		493		
addition of consolidated subsidiaries					
Increase in retained earnings due to					
addition of companies accounted for by					
equity method			573	1,067	-1,067
Decrease in consolidated retained earnings					
Dividends	14,050		14,050		
	1 1,000		1 1,000		
Directors' bonuses	137	14,187	151	14,201	-14
Current net profits		27,595		26,698	897
Year-end balance of consolidated retained		353,793		340,386	13,407
earnings					

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

			(Unit: ¥1 million)
Account	Current year	Previous year	Change
	(April 2000 -	(April 1999 - March	
	March 2001)	2000)	
I. Cash flow from operating activities			
Net income prior to adjustment for tax, etc.	45,084	43,738	1,346
Depreciation	146,419	136,214	10,205
Amortization of long-term prepaid expenses	3,955	4,092	-137
Loss on retirement of tangible fixed assets	3,348	4,330	-982
Loss on redemption of bonds	3,368	8	3,360
Change in allowances for doubtful accounts	-643	-104	-539
Change in provision for retirement benefits (retirement allowances, etc.)	6,462	-3,747	10,209
Interest and dividends earned	1 205	1 202	-113
	-1,395	-1,282	
Interest paid	22,866	23,366	-500
Change in accounts payable	-1,673	-10,638	8,965
Change in consumption tax payable, etc.	-4,561	7,396	-11,957
Other	4,239	-6,705	10,944
Sub-total	227,471	196,667	30,804
Proceeds from interest and dividends	1,465	1,310	155
Payment of interest	-23,232	-23,149	-83
Payment of corporation tax, etc.	-18,191	-20,186	1,995
Cash flow from operating activities	187,512	154,641	32,871
II. Cash flow from investing activities			
Purchases of investment securities	-4,580	-664	-3,916
Purchases of tangible fixed assets	-103,609	-115,324	11,715
Purchases of intangible fixed assets	-7,599	-5,176	-2,423
Spending on long-term prepaid expenses	-1,499	-3,169	1,670
Income from sales of fixed assets	926	226	700
Spending on lending of long-term loans	-806	-655	-151
Proceeds from recovery of long-term loans receivable	1,227	804	423
Other	94	-373	467
Cash flow from investing activities	-115,846	-124,333	8,487
III. Cash flow from financing activities	1.720	10.270	0.550
Net decrease in short-term debt	-1,720	-10,279	8,559
Proceeds from long-term debt	32,359	34,698	-2,339
Payments for long-term debt	-53,539	-45,527	-8,012
Proceeds from bond issues	27,000	60,000	-33,000
Payments for redemption of bonds	-94,429	-1,997	-92,432
Dividend payments	-14,047	-14,053	6
Payment of dividends to minority shareholders Cash flow from financing activities	-49 -104,426	-39 22,802	-10 -127,228
Cash now from mancing activities	-104,420	22,002	-121,220
IV. Difference due to conversion of cash and cash	7	_	7
equivalents			
V. Increase in cash and cash equivalents	-32,752	53,110	-85,862
VI. Increase in cash and cash equivalents due to addition of	_	6	-6
consolidated subsidiaries	a= aa=		
VII. Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	97,327	44,210	53,117
VIII. Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	64,575	97,327	-32,752

Segment Information

(1) Segment information by category of business

_						1			Unit: #1 million)
		Gas	Gas appliances	Construction orders received	Building lease	Other business	Total	Corporate and eliminations	Consolidated
	I. Sales and operating profit (loss) Sales (1) External sales (2) Intersegment sales and transfers	740,731	145,434 1,081	67,610 4,296	15,602 21,998	117,391 42,185	1,086,770 69,563	(69,563)	1,086,770
	Total	740,731	146,516	71,907	37,601	159,577	1,156,333	(69,563)	1,086,770
ear	Operating expenses	590,784	139,888	67,951	29,515	149,450	977,591	5,520	983,111
Current year	Operating profit (loss)	149,946	6,627	3,955	8,085	10,127	178,742	(75,083)	103,659
Cu	II. Assets, depreciation expenses and capital expenditures Assets Depreciation expenses Capital expenditures	1,125,540 119,703 98,100	58,026 651 548	22,713 138 103	240,975 12,727 2,048	224,972 14,319 10,181	1,672,228 147,540 110,983	125,441 (1,120) (1,084)	1,797,669 146,419 109,898
	I. Sales and operating profit (loss) Sales (1) External sales (2) Intersegment sales and transfers Total	672,069 — 672,069	126,747 1,169 127,916	63,948 4,702 68,651	14,959 22,882 37,841	114,530 44,289 158,819	992,255 73,044 1,065,299	(73,044) (73,044)	992,255 — 992,255
ear	Onarating armanasa	530,686	125 120	66 600	20.597	147,322	899,435	22.596	022 021
evious year	Operating expenses Operating profit (loss)	141,383	125,139 2,777	66,699 1,951	29,587 8,254	11,496	165,864	23,586 (96,630)	923,021 69,233
Prev	II. Assets, depreciation expenses and capital expenditures Assets Depreciation expenses Capital expenditures	1,148,758 109,107 107,388	53,311 753 481	22,451 169 115	252,016 12,990 2,282	224,176 14,160 12,740	1,700,712 137,182 123,008	104,373 (968) (1,202)	1,805,086 136,214 121,806

Notes: 1. Classification of business categories and main products in each category of business

Business categories are classified by aggregate sale category in accordance with the Gas Business Accounting Regulations.

Business categories	Main products
Gas	Gas
Gas appliances	Gas appliances
Construction orders received	Gas construction work
Building lease	Lease and management of buildings, etc.
Other businesses	District heating and cooling, coke, LPG, petroleum products, credit leases, information
	processing services, general engineering

2. The main unapportionable operating expenses included under "corporate and eliminations" are general expenses relating to the administration department of the company submitting the consolidated financial statements.

Current year: ¥73,478 million (previous year: ¥94,530 million)

3. The main assets of all companies included under "corporate and eliminations" are assets relating to surplus invested funds (cash and deposits), deferred tax assets and long-term investment funds (investment securities)

Current year: ¥182,013 million (previous year: ¥159,058 million)

(2) Segment information by location

Not applicable due to absence of overseas consolidated subsidiaries.

(3) Overseas sales

Not included due to insignificance of overseas sales as a proportion of consolidated sales.