

and one	time costs				(+/- indicate impact on profit, 100 million yer
	Î	FY2024	FY2023	Change	Main factors
Net sales		26,368	26,624	-256	Drop in Energy Solution sales by decrease in unit price due to drop in raw material prices, etc.
Operating pro	ofit	1,330	2,171	-841	Decrease in Energy Solution profits by increase in raw material costs due to the weakening of the yen,etc.
Segment Prof	it	1,386	2,202	-816	
Е	nergy solution	1,217	2,011	-794	City gas: Decrease in profits from sliding time lag effect, Decrease in profits due to a dedine in residential sales caused by high temperatures, etc. Electricity: Increase in power plant inspection and maintenance costs and system migration costs, rise in regulatory compliance costs, etc.
N	etwork	-31	-39	8	Increase in profit due to decrease in third-party access revenue ,etc.
0	verseas business	228	273	-45	Decrease in profit due to divestment of upstream projects in Australia, Increase in profit of North American shale gas business due to increase in production volume, etc.
U	rban Development	240	229	11	Increase in gains on sale of real estate, Decrease in profits due to temporary closure of Park Hyatt Tokyo for renovation ,etc.
Ordinary prof	it	1,135	2,227	-1,092	Decrease in profit on foreign exchange, Increase in interest expense due to acquisition of shares in Rockcliff Energy II LLC ,etc.
Extraordinary	profit/loss	-73	239	-312	FY2024: (Extraordinary profit) Gain on sales of investment securities 48, Compensation for damages received 20 (Extraordinary loss) Loss on valuation of investment securities -141 FY2023: (Extraordinary profit) Gain on sales of investment securities 251, Gain on valuation of long-term loans receivable 22 (Extraordinary loss) Impairment loss -34
Adjusted ordi	nary profit	741	1,654	-913	ROE FY2024: 4.3%, FY2023: 10.2%

Our results for FY2024 showed a decline in both sales and profit mainly due to sliding time lag effect in the gas business in the previous fiscal year and one-time costs in the electricity business, both in the Energy Solution segment.

Net sales decreased by 256 hundred million yen. This was mainly due to decrease in unit prices due to resource cost adjustments in the Energy Solution segment. Specifically, it was primarily due to the fact that raw material costs for the period from the latter half of FY2023 to FY2024, which were reflected in the gas charges in FY2024, were lower than in the previous fiscal year.

Operating profit decreased by 841 hundred million yen to 1,330 hundred million yen. The main factor for the decline was an increase in raw material costs in the Energy Solution segment due to a rise in resource prices as a result of factors such as the depreciation of the yen during the period, etc.

Ordinary profit, which includes non-operating profit/loss, decreased by 1,092 hundred million yen to 1,135 hundred million yen due to an increase in interest expenses, etc.

After posting a loss on valuation of investment securities, etc., as extraordinary profit/loss, profit attributable to owners of parent decreased by

913 hundred million yen to 741 hundred million yen.

	FY2025	FY2024	Change	Main factors
Net sales	27,540	26,368	-,	Increase in Overseas business sales, etc.
Operating profit	1,590	1,330		Increase in Overseas business profits, etc.
Segment Profit Energy solution	1,680	1,386	294	— City gas: Increased profits due to increased sales of residential use caused be easing of impact of high temperatures Electricity: Higher profits buoyed by drop in electric power fixed costs, increase in demand for high-voltage and extra-high-voltage electricity, and growth in low-voltage retail contracts, etc.
Network	5	-31	36	Increase in profit due to increase in third-party access revenue ,etc.
Overseas business	671	228	443	Increase in profit of North American shale gas business ,etc.
Urban Development	125	240	-115	Rise in Shinjuku Park Tower renovation costs, etc
Ordinary profit	1,470	1,135	335	_
Extraordinary profit/loss	384	-73	457	FY2025: (Extraordinary profit)Gain on sale of real estate 225, Gain on sale of fixed assets,Gain on sales of investment securities,e FY2024: (Extraordinary profit)Gain on sales of investment securities 48, Compensation for damages received 20 (Extraordinary loss)Loss on valuation of investment securities -141
Adjusted ordinary profit	1.340	741	599	. , ,
Adjusted ordinary profit	1,340	741	599	(Extraordinary loss) Loss on valuation of investment securitie ROE FY2025: 8.1%, FY2024: 4.3%

For the FY2025 full year, we forecast an increase in both sales and profit (profit attributable to owners of parent). We have not changed our economic framework, which serves as the basis for our forecast, since the announcement at the end of March. Our forecast foreign exchange rate is 150 yen to the dollar, and forecast crude oil price is 75 dollars per barrel.

Net sales are projected to increase by 1,172 hundred million yen, or 4.4%, mainly due to an increase in sales of the North American shale gas business as a result of a rise in gas prices.

Similarly, operating profit is projected to increase by 260 hundred million yen, or 19.5%, to 1,590 hundred million yen, mainly reflecting an increase in profit of the Overseas business segment due to a rise in unit prices of the North American shale gas business and a recovery from the impact of high temperatures in the previous year in the Energy Solution segment.

Ordinary profit, which includes non-operating income and expenses, such as interest expenses and interest income, is projected to increase by 335 hundred million yen to 1,470 hundred million yen. Our forecast for profit attributable to owners of parent is 1,340 hundred million yen, up 599 hundred million yen, including an expected profit from the sale of real estate holdings, etc. as extraordinary profit/loss.

Our forecast for FY2025 ROE is 8.1%, which is above our medium-term management plan's target, due to the profit increase and equity capital control.

Action For Continuous Corporate Value Enhancement



Initiatives implemented of FY2024

Business portfolio management

- ·Steady increase in the number of retail electricity customers
- ·Strengthening our US shale gas business
- ·Real estate divestment
- ·Acceleration of sale of share cross-holdings (listed shares totaling 10 stocks, 5.6 billion yen were sold in FY2024)

Capital Policy

- •Completion of share buyback of 80bn in FY2024 as additional return on top of basic return of 40bn
- •Dividends to be raised by JPY 10 to JPY 80/share at End of FY2024

Specific Initiatives of FY2025

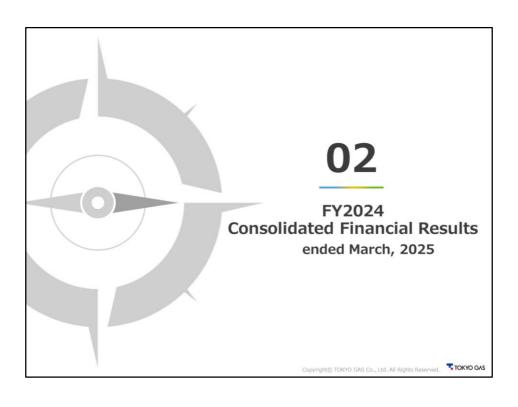
Business portfolio management

- •Further strengthening our US shale gas business
- Optimized electricity price
- ·Real estate divestment
- ·Asset divestitures, such as Eagle Ford (Improvement of capital efficiency through concentration on core assets)

Capital Policy

•Announcing a buyback program up to JPY 120bn for 1H FY2025. Future buybacks will be determined based on company performance and market environment, etc.

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FY2024 Consolidated Results Sales, Interest, etc. (Apr. 1, 2024 –Mar. 31, 2025)

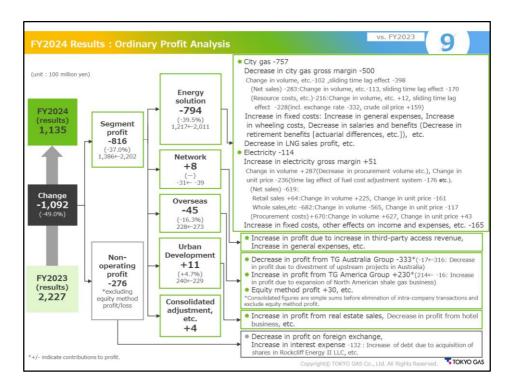


		FY2024	FY2023	Change	%
Net sale	s	26,368	26,624	-256	-1.0
Operatir	Operating profit		2,171	-841	-38.7
	t profit (operating profit + equity profit/loss)	1,386	2,202	-816	-37.0
Ordinary	/ profit	1,135	2,227	-1,092	-49.0
Extraord	linary profit/loss	-73	239	-312	
Profit at	tributable to owners of parent	741	1,654	-913	-55.2
	Temperature effect *	-151	-51	-100	
A ald a4	Sliding effect	251	750	-499	
Adjust ment	City gas	212	610	-398	_
items	LNG sales	39	140	-101	
	Amortization of actuarial differences	103	23	80	_
City gas	sales volume (million m3, 45MJ)	11,215	11,303	-88	-0.8
Electrici	ty sales volume (million kWh)	23,440	25,479	-2,039	-8.0

^{*}Temperature effect of FY2024 and FY2023 includes difference in the revenue recognition method basis estimates.

			Net sale	*3		Se	gment Profit (Operating profit	: 100 million y
			Equity income/loss of subsidiarie						
		FY2024	FY2023	Change	%	FY2024	FY2023	Change	96
	solution*1 ng equity method ss)	23,404	24,228	-824	-3,4	1,217	2,011	-794	-39.5
	City gas*2	16,164	17,014	-850	-5.0	715	1,472	-757	-51.4
	Electric Power	5,981	6,327	-346	-5.5	241	355	-114	-32.1
Networ	k	3,278	3,264	14	0.4	-31	-39	8	-
Overse	as business	1,812	1,180	632	53.5	228	273	-45	-16.3
	(equity method profit/loss)	<u></u> -		_		39	9	30	302.9
	Development ng equity method ss)	778	911	-133	-14.6	240	229	11	4.7
	Real estate sales	191	243	-52	-21.4	114	74	40	54.
Adjustr	nent*4	-2,905	-2,960	55	1-	-268	-272	4	-
Consoli	dated	26,368	26,624	-256	-1.0	1,386	2,202	-816	-37.0
	(equity method profit/loss)	_	-	_	-	55	30	25	80.6
2 Include 3 Segme 4 Adjusts 5 The se provid 6 The co	es city gas, LNG sales, tradi es city gas, LNG sales, and int sales include internal tra ments in segment profits in gment information disclose ing services to local govern insolidated results for FY20: ational Financial Reporting	trading. insactions made bets clude mainly corpora d for FY2023 reflects ments. 24 and FY2023 is dis	ween business un ate expenses not inew segment o	nits. allocated to the lassifications that	segments. t went into eff	enerally Accepted	Accounting Princip		

Slide 8 shows net sales by segment and segment profit, which is operating profit plus equity method profit/loss, and changes thereof. Slide 9 shows a profit analysis of each segment.

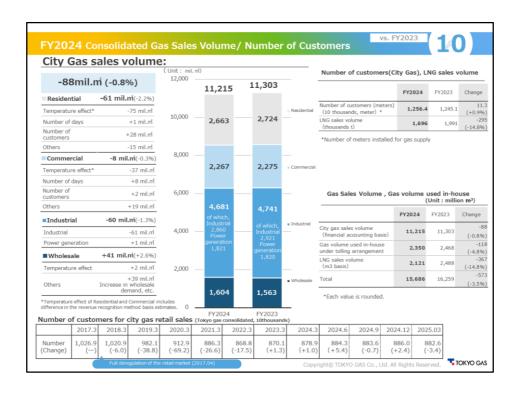


The 794 hundred million yen profit decline in the Energy Solution segment was primarily due to a 500 hundred million yen drop in gross margin in the city gas business due to sliding time lag effect and a 114 hundred million yen profit decrease in the electricity business primarily owing to a decrease in unit price as a result of falling off the time lag effect of the fuel cost adjustment system and an increase in fixed costs.

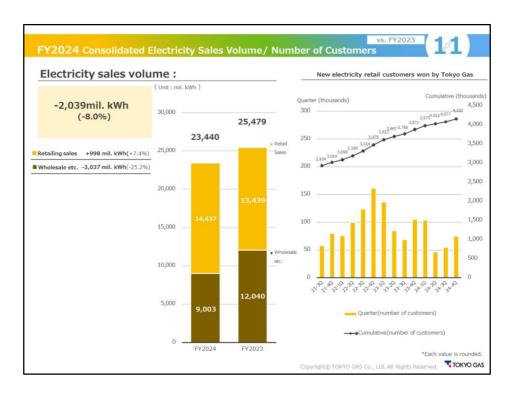
The Network segment saw a profit increase of 8 hundred million yen due to an increase in third-party access revenue, offsetting an increase in miscellaneous expenses.

The Overseas business segment reported a decrease of 45 hundred million yen primarily due to falling off profit associated with the sale of an upstream asset in Australia at the end of the previous fiscal year and low gas prices in the North American shale gas business, in which we made asset replacements.

The Urban Development segment recorded an increase of 11 hundred million yen mainly due to an increase in profit from real estate sales, offsetting a decline in profit as a result of the closure of a hotel in May 2024 for renovation.

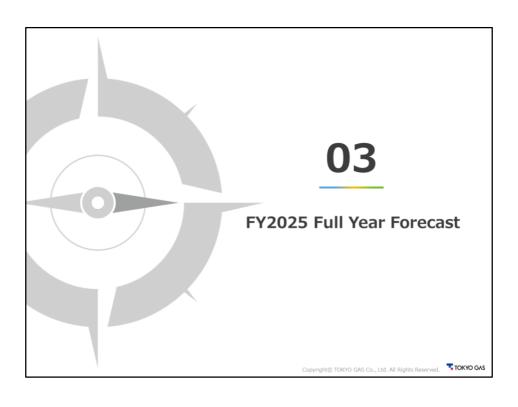


City gas sales volume in FY2024 decreased by 0.8% to 11,215 million m³, which in total is a slight decrease, mainly due to a fall in demand from residential customers as a result of high temperatures and a drop in demand from industrial customers, which offset an increase in wholesale volume resulting from higher demand from wholesale customers etc.



Total electricity sales volume in FY2024 decreased by 8.0% to 23,440 million kWh.

Retail electricity sales volume rose by 7.4% mainly due to higher demand owing to an increase in the number of customers, while the sales volume to wholesale etc. and others fell by 25.2%.

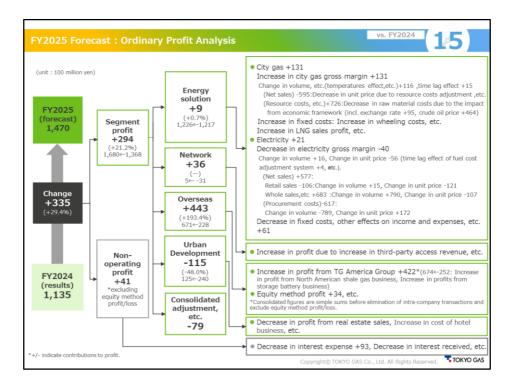


FY2025 Consolidated Forecast Sales, Interest, etc. (Apr. 1, 2025 – Mar. 31, 2026) FY2025 FY2024 Change Results Forecast Net sales 27,540 26,368 1,172 4.4 1,590 19.5 Operating profit 1,330 260 Segment profit (operating profit + equity 1,680 1,386 294 21.2 method profit/loss) 1,470 1,135 335 29.4 **Ordinary profit** Extraordinary profit/loss 384 -73 457 Profit attributable to owners of parent 741 599 1,340 80.6 Temperature effect * -120 120 Timelag effect 134 101 33 15 88 Adjust City gas 73 ment Electric Power 24 20 4 items LNG sales 22 8 14 Amortization of actuarial 58 161 103 differences City gas sales volume (million m3, 45MJ) 11,024 11,215 -191 -1.7 Electricity sales volume (million kWh) 27,582 23,440 4,142 17.7 *Temperature effect of FY2025 Forecast and FY2024 Results includes difference in the revenue recognition method basis estimates.

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								(unit :	100 million yen)	
			Net sales*4				Segment Profit (Operating profit Equity income/loss of subsidiaries)			
		FY2025	FY2024	Change	%	FY2025	FY2024	Change	%	
	solution*1 ng equity method s)	23,699	23,404	295	1.3	1,226	1,217	9	0.	
	City gas*2	14,196	16,164	-1,968	-12.2	846	715	131	18.	
	Electric Power	6,698	5,981	717	12.0	262	241	21	8.	
Network	•	3,371	3,278	93	2.8	5	-31	36	-	
Oversea	s business	2,354	1,812	542	29.9	671	228	443	193.	
	(equity method profit/loss)	_	_	-	_	73	39	34	85.	
	revelopment*3 ag equity method s)	832 (1,108)	778 (798)	54 (310)	6.9 (38.8)	125 (343)	240 (254)	-115 (89)	-48.0 (34.9)	
	Real estate sales	214 (490)	190 (210)	24 (280)	12.2 (132.7)	89 (307)	114 (128)	-25 (179)	-22.2 (139.0)	
Adjustm	nent*5	-2,716	-2,905	189	_	-347	-268	-79	-	
Consolid	lated	27,540	26,368	1,172	4.4	1,680	1,386	294	21.	
	(equity method profit/loss)	_	_	_	_	87	55	32	57.	
*2 Inclu *3 Amo *4 Segn	ides city gas, LNG sales, t ides city gas, LNG sales, a unts in parentheses includ nent sales include interna istments in segment profil	and trading. de fixed assets sale am I transactions made be	ount and profit/I	oss (real estate	e) to be recorded in	n non-operating pro	ofit and extraordi	nary profit/los		

This slide shows our segment net sales and profit forecasts and changes from the previous year's results.



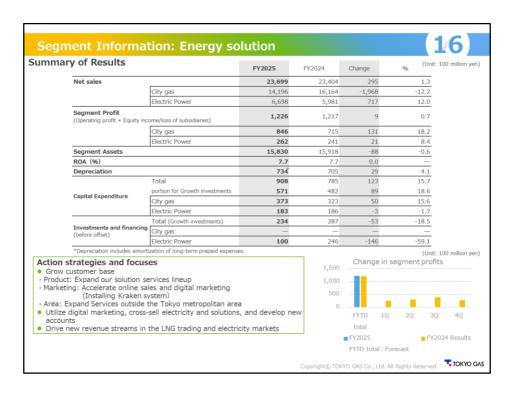
This slide shows the main changes in segment profit.

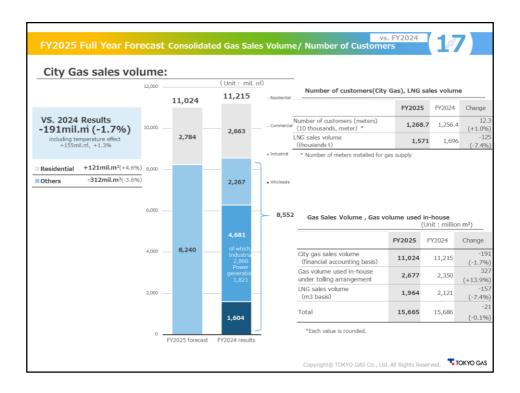
We expect a mild year-on-year increase in the profit of the Energy Solution segment. This is due to a recovery in the city gas business from the impact of high temperatures in the previous fiscal year and an increase in profit in the electricity business due to falling off one-time costs in the previous fiscal year, etc., offsetting falling off one-time gains of the previous year and an increase in costs in other subsegments, etc.

The 36 hundred million yen increase in profit of the Network segment mainly reflects a recovery from the decrease in third-party access revenue in the previous year due to the impact of high temperatures.

For the Overseas business segment, we forecast an increase in profit of 443 hundred million yen due to an increase in unit sales price in the North American shale gas business.

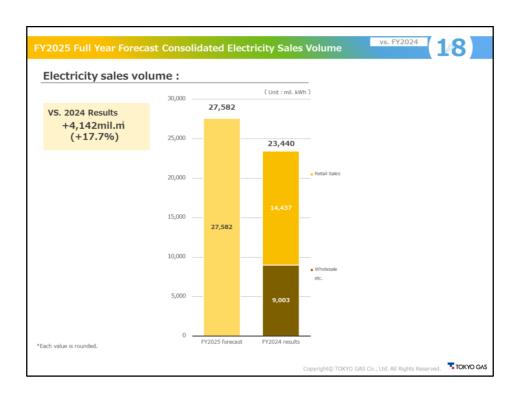
The Urban Development business is expected to record a decrease of 115 hundred million yen mainly due to an increase in renovation costs of existing real estate. However, we expect a profit increase for the real estate business as a whole, reflecting an expected extraordinary profit from the sale of real estate holdings.



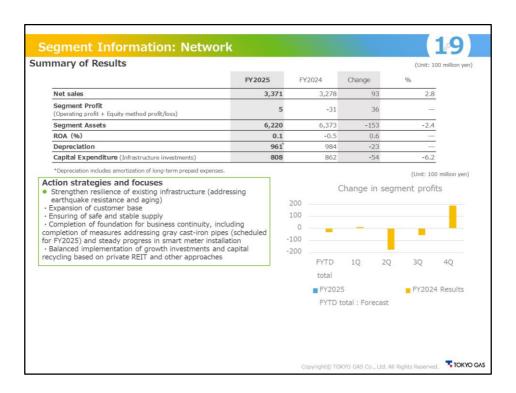


The next two slides show our forecast for gas sales volume and electricity sales volume, which serve as the basis for our forecast for the Energy Solution segment.

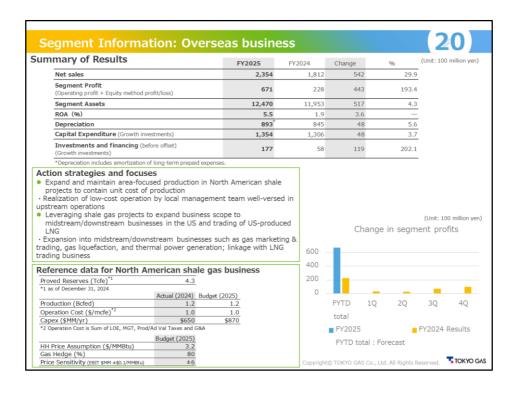
We expect city gas sales volume as a whole to decrease by 1.7%, or 190 million m³, mainly due to a decline in demand from industrial customers, offsetting an expected recovery from the decrease in sales volume to residential customers in the previous year due to the impact of high temperatures.

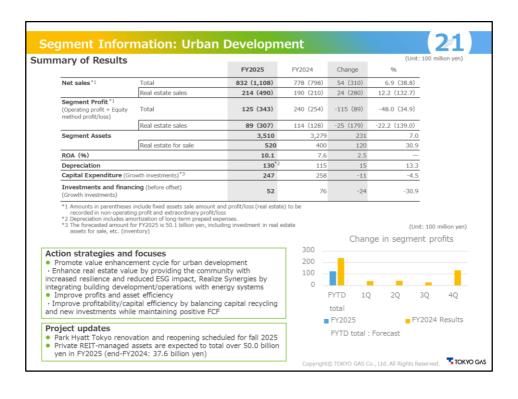


This is our electricity sales volume forecast. We expect total sales volume to increase by 17.7% to 27,582 million kWh due to an expected increase in retail sales volume as a result of an increase in the number of contracts and by capturing demand in wholesale etc.



The segment information slides also include our capital expenditure and investment plans, as well as major initiatives.



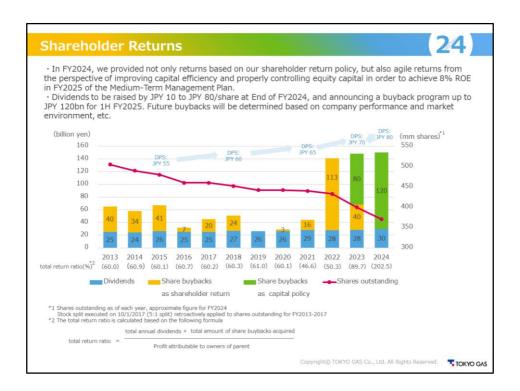


		FY2025	FY202 Foreca		FY2024 FY2023 Results Results		備考
			FY23-FY25 FY2025		Results	Results	
	profits ag profit + equity method s, 100 million yen)	1,500	-	1,680	1,386	2,202	
ROA		approx.4%	-	3.6%	1.9%	*2 4.4%	Net profit / Total assets (average of the amounts as of the end of the previous period and end of the current period)
ROE		approx.8%	_	8.1%	4.3%	*2	Net profit / Shareholders' equity (average of the amounts as of the end of the previous period and end of the current period)
D/E ratio		approx.0.9	_	0.81	0.77	*2 0.85	
Factoring is	n hybrid bonds/Ioans *1	аррголютэ		0.76	0.73	0.81	
perating [100 millio	g cash flow on yen)	11,000 (FY23-FY25)	11,212	4,010	3,424	3,778	Net profit + Depreciation (including depreciation of long-term prepaid expenses)
	Growth investments	6,500	8,910	2,638	2,470	3,801	
	(portion for decarbonization-related	2,300	1,341	265	371	703	
	investments)	(FY23-FY25)					
ents	Infrastructure investments	3,500 (FY23-FY25)	3,320	1,145	1,165	1,008	
nillion	Consolidated adjustment	-	-69	-59	-4	-5	
ren)	Total(before offset)	10,000 (FY23-FY25)	12,160	3,724	3,630	4,804	
	Total(offset)	10,000 (FY23-FY25)	9,669	3,371	2,424	3,874	
ents (100 million yen)	Infrastructure investments Consolidated adjustment Total(before offset)	3,500 (FY23-FY25) — 10,000 (FY23-FY25) 10,000 (FY23-FY25)	-69 12,160 9,669	-59 3,724 3,371	-4 3,630 2,424	-5 4,804	

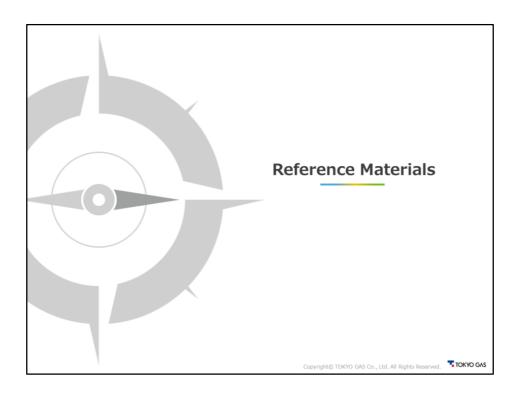
This slide shows the key indicators versus medium-term management plan targets.

	ancing business portfolio management, veach internal company and core busines			gement approa	ch based or
	fit (operating profit + equity income of s iod and end of the current period)	ubsidiaries) ,	segment assets	s (average of t	he amounts
				(Unit: 100 r	nillion yen)
Segment	Business areas in 23-25	FY2025	Forecast	FY2024	
Segment	Medium-term Management Plan	ROA Assets		Results	
	Energy (gas-electricity, etc.)				
Energy solution	Solutions (environment, DX, etc.)	7.7%	15,830	7.7%	
	GX (e-methane, hydrogen, etc.) (renewables)				
Network	Energy (Network)	0.1%	6,220	-0.5%	
Overseas business	Overseas (shale + renewables, etc.)	5.5%	12,470	1.9%	
Urban Development	Real Estate (ESG-oriented development, etc.)	10.1%	3,510	7.6%	

This slide shows segment ROA.



In terms of shareholder returns, we are currently conducting share buybacks of 120 billion yen in the first half for the purpose of controlling equity capital, as we announced in March. However, we have decided to pay an annual dividend of 80 yen per share, an increase of 10 yen per share, as shareholder return.



These reference materials include supplementary information on our initiatives in "realizing management mindful of capital costs and stock prices," as well as the economic frame sensitivity table, crude oil prices and exchange rates, and information on major overseas investments.

Economic framework and Pension assets

[26]

Economic framework

Economic framework	FY2025 Forecast	FY2024 Result	FY2023 Result
Exchange rate (¥/\$)	150.00 (-2.62)	152.62	144.58
Crude oil price (\$/bbl)	75.00 (-7.41)	82.41	85.99
Avg. air temp (℃)	16.5 (-1.1)	17.6	17.5

Pension assets

Pension assets	FY2024	FY2023	FY2022
Investment yield (costs deducted)	0.01%	2.21%	-1.90%
Discount Annuity portion	1.938%	1.151%	0.809%
rate Lump-sum portion	1.349%	0.634%	0.373%
Year-end assets (100 million yen)	2,330	2,400	2,430

<Expected annual rate of return: 2%>

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Gas Gross Margin Sensitivity to Change in Crude Oil Price and Exchange Rate

Impact of rising JCC (Japan Crude Cocktail Prices) by \$1/bbl

(Unit: 100 million yen)

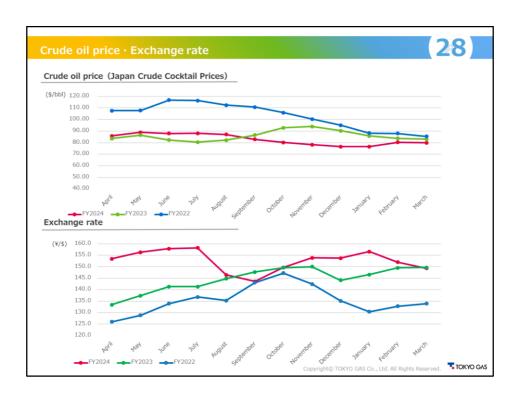
		Impact on earnings						
		1Q	2Q	3Q	4Q	Full year		
	1Q	-1	-5	+4	+2	0		
	2Q	_	-2	-6	+5	-3		
Period	3Q	_	_	-2	-8	-10		
	4Q	_	_	_	-1	-1		
	Full year	-1	-7	-4	-2	-14		

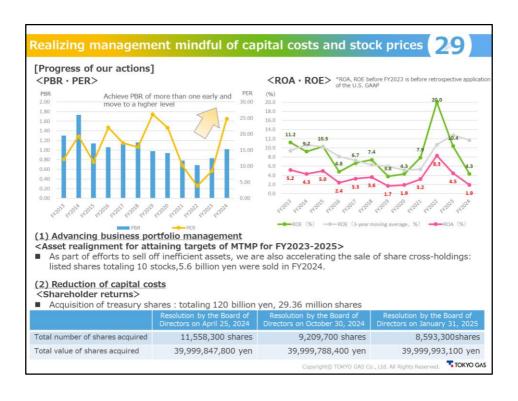
Impact of depreciation of the yen by ¥1/\$

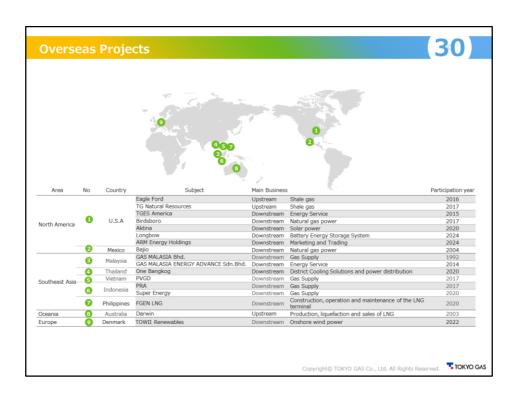
(Unit: 100 million yen)

		impact on earnings					
		1Q	2Q	3Q	4Q	Full year	
	1Q	-6	+5	+1	0	0	
	2Q	_	-5	+5	+2	+2	
Period	3Q			-7	+7	0	
	4Q	_		_	-9	-9	
	Full year	-6	0	-1	0	-7	

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< Cautionary Statement regarding Forward-looking Statements >

Statements made in this presentation with respect to Tokyo Gas's present plans, forecasts, strategies and beliefs, and other statements herein that are not expressions of historical fact are forward-looking statements about the future performance of the Company. As such, they are based on management's assumptions and opinions stemming from currently available information and therefore involve risks and uncertainties.

assumptions and opinions stemming from currently available information and therefore involve risks and uncertainties.

The Company's actual performance may greatly differ from these projections, due to these risks and uncertainties which include without limitation general economic conditions in Japan, crude oil prices, the weather, changes in the foreign exchange rate of the yen, rapid technological innovations and the Company's responses to the progress of deregulation.

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