

Based on our 2030 Vision, we have been working on reforms to become a leader in next generation energy systems while creating value with our customers, society and business partners. In particular, we have been promoting both investments in growth and improvements in efficiency through strengthening our business portfolio management as set forth in our current 2023-2025 Medium-Term Management Plan.

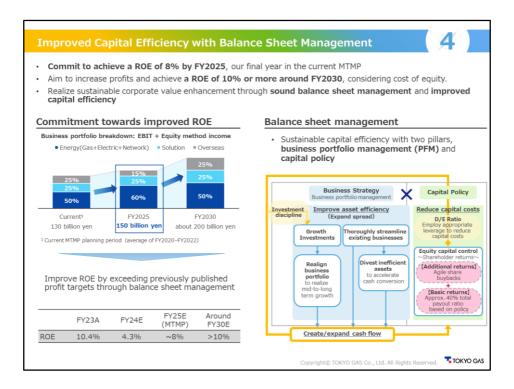
With regard to growth areas, we have steadily implemented a combination of investments in areas with different time horizons to contribute to profits, such as GX, solutions, LNG trading, electric power, overseas, and real estate.

In order to enhance growth potential, we are promoting synergies, such as business development and area expansion, between areas such as "Energy" and "GX/DX" or between "domestic energy" and "Overseas energy", that maximize the networks, platforms, and know-how cultivated in the conventional energy business.

In order to generate resources for growth investments, we have been reviewing, with no exceptions, assets and businesses that have low-profitability or do not fit the strategies in each area, by comparing them side by side since this fiscal year. Asset divestiture will executed

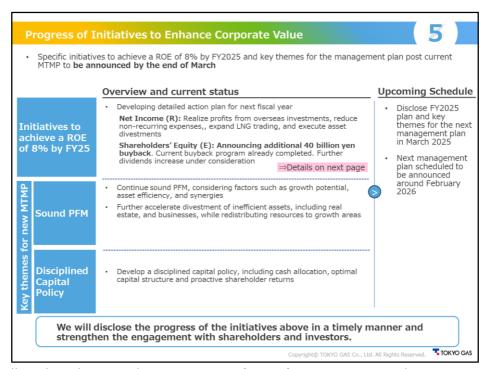
sequentially.

In addition, we have made significant asset replacements in our overseas businesses, including the sale of our Australian LNG business. In the existing domestic energy domain, we are strengthening our customer base and promoting thorough efficiency improvement through the use of DX and other measures.



On the other hand, the Company recognizes further effort is needed to improve capital efficiency, due in part to the increase in equity capital from our strong financial results over the past 2 years.

We recognize that a ROE of 8% for FY2025, the final year of our mid-term management plan, is something we must achieve, and to that end, we decided to promote balance sheet management with specific initiatives. Through both business strategy and capital policy, we will continuously improve ROE and aim to achieve a ROE of 10% or more around 2030, while working to expand profits based on the return expected by the market, i.e., cost of shareholders' equity.



We will explain the consideration status of specific measures to enhance corporate value.

First, we are considering specific measures to achieve 8% ROE in FY 2025 as part of our single-year plan for FY 2025. On the profit side, the numerator of ROE, we expect an improvement from FY 2024 levels due to multiple factors. Mainly, we expect to realize profits from overseas investment projects, reduce non-recurring expenses and increase LNG trading profits, as well as execute asset divestments based on asset efficiency.

As for shareholders' equity, we have decided to repurchase an additional 40 billion yen of our own shares during FY2024, following the second quarter.

During fiscal year 2025, we will work to formulate a new management plan, in preparation for the completion of our current mid-term management plan. We would like to share our key themes for the new management plan at an early stage and refine as necessary while continuing to communicate with our various stakeholders.

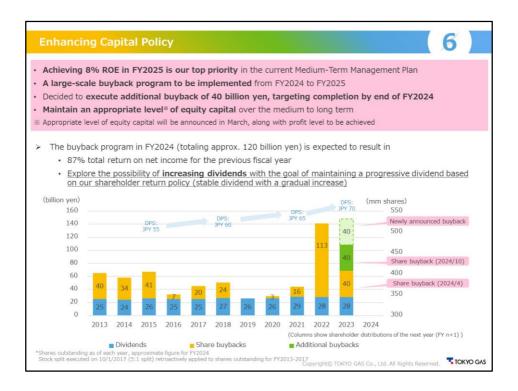
We would like to present our formulation policy following the framework of "thorough business portfolio management" and "disciplined capital policy," which will remain important axes.

In particular, we consider business portfolio management to be a key point which will need to evolve based on the growth potential of the individual business, synergies among businesses, and asset efficiency, and will accelerate the withdrawal of inefficient assets and businesses with little synergy, including real estate holdings.

With regard to capital policy, we will present the optimal capital structure, appropriate level of equity capital, cash allocation, etc., consistent with the transformation of our business portfolio.

We are in the process of refining the business plan for FY2025 and the key themes for the management plan for FY2026 and beyond, with the aim of announcing the plan in March of this year.

The management plan for FY2026 and beyond is expected to be announced around February next year.



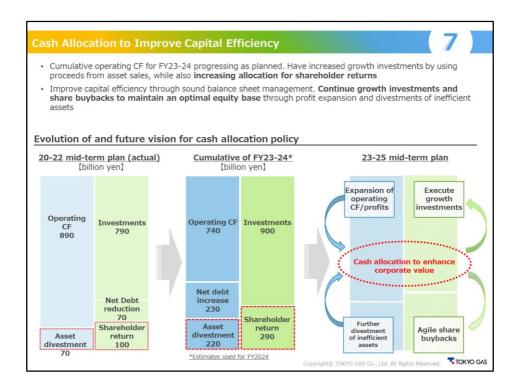
This slide explains the additional share repurchase.

In addition to achieving 8% ROE for FY 2025, we are continuing agile and large-scale share buybacks from the current fiscal year to the next to reach an appropriate level of equity capital for medium- and long-term ROE improvement.

Of these measures, we have decided to implement a new share buyback during FY2024, with a limit of 40 billion yen. As a result, the total amount of share buybacks for the current fiscal year will be the largest in our history, totaling approximately 120 billion yen.

We will announce the level of equity capital we are aiming for in March of this year, as well as the level of profits. In addition, we believe it is important to enhance dividends in order to meet the diverse expectations of our shareholders.

We will consider increasing dividends with the goal of maintaining a progressive dividend, as stated on our shareholder return policy, while also taking into account the decrease in the number of shares in circulation due to share buybacks.



This section presents cash allocation trends based on our balance sheet management approach and actions planned for the final year of the Medium-Term Management Plan.

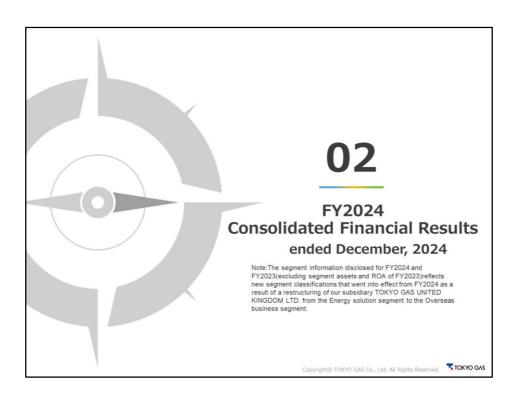
The result for the current mid-term plan in the center is the cumulative result over the past two-year period. Compared to the three years during the previous mid-term plan, you can see that we have reduced assets and expanded shareholder returns.

In the remainder of the year, we will continue our efforts to increase corporate value by expanding operating cash flow and accelerating the sale of inefficient assets and businesses to achieve steady investments for growth and agile share buybacks to achieve the targeted level of equity capital.

Establishment of the Corporate Value Enhancement Committee
 Established committee to refine business PFM and capital policy, while incorporating capital market needs Important contents discussed at committee will be reported to the BOD. The BOD, which the majority of are independent members, can further disclose certain content through resolutions
Structure of the Committee
Annual Shareholders Meeting Appoint ↑ Report Supervision
Board of Directors, Directors (3 inside and 6 outside) Nominating Compensation Committee Committee Committee
Determination of management policies Supervision of the duties of executive officers Disclosures including strategic plans are resolved by the BOD
Supervise ↓↑ Report
Executive Officers Representative Corporate Executive Officer, President and CEO Corporate Value Enhancement Committee (Chairman: President/CEO) Discuss/consider the below factors while incorporating capital market needs and advice of external advisors 1. Business Portfolio Management 2. Capital policy
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The "Corporate Value Enhancement Committee" was established to further, and more intensively, discuss and verify our efforts to enhance our corporate value with regard to our business portfolio strategy and capital policy from the perspective of the capital market.

The contents of the Committee's discussions will be reported to and discussed by the Management Committee and the Board of Directors as necessary, and management plans and other information will be promptly announced after being approved by the Board of Directors.



Key Topics of FY2024 3Q Consolidated Results 10

(unit: 100 million yen)

♦ Consolidated FY2024 3Q saw a YoY decline in both sales and profits, driven by a decrease in city gas unit price due to resource costs adjustment and increase in raw material costs for city gas due to exchange rate fluctuations, etc. FY2024 3Q

Net sales: 18,437(vs FY2023 3Q Results -589) Profit attributable to owners of parent: 365(vs FY2023 3Q Results -790)

- Our consolidated forecast for FY2024 profit is for an increase in sales and a decrease in profit compared to the previous forecast due to the following factors, etc.
 - (+) Electric Power: Increased profits due to reduced fixed costs, etc.
 - (+) Overseas business: Increase in profits due to effect of the depreciation of yen and reduced expenses, etc.
 - (-) Gas: Decrease in profits from sliding time lag effect due to the increase in crude oil prices and effect of the depreciation of yen
 - (-) Extraordinary profit/loss: Extraordinary loss due to loss on valuation of investment securities

FY2024 Forecast

Net sales: 26,890(vs Previous Forecast +360,vs FY2023 Results +245) Profit attributable to owners of parent: 720

(vs Previous Forecast -90, vs FY2023 Results -979)

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ngniign	ts: Sales	s Down	, Profit D	own			(+/- indicate impact o	n profit, 100 r	nillion yen)	
	vs. FY2023 3Q									
Net sales	-589	Drop in Energy	rop in Energy Solution sales by a decrease in unit price due to resource costs adjustment, etc.							
Operating profit	-899	Decrease in Er	tecrease in Energy Solution profits by the change in city gas unit prices due to the impact from economic framework, etc.							
Extraordinary profit/loss	-81	(E	extraordinary loss)L extraordinary profit)	Gain on sales of inve oss on valuation of ir Gain on valuation of Gain on sales of inve	ivestment securities long-term loans rec	s -86 ceivable 25,	ation for damages received	1 20,		
					(Unit: 100 m	nillion yen)				
			FY2024 3Q	FY2023 3Q	Change	%	Economic framework	FY2024 3Q	FY2023 3Q	
City gas sales v	volume (million	m3, 45MJ)	7,961	7,956	5	0.1	Exchange rate (¥/\$)	152.64 (+9.31)	143.	
Electricity sales volume (million kWh)		16,795	18,397	-1,602	-8.7	Crude oil price	83.65	5		
Net sales			18,437	19,026	-589	-3.1	(\$/bbl) (-2.93)		86.	
Operating prof	it		729	1,628	-899	-55.2	Avg. air temperature 20.7		20	
Segment profit income of subs	(operating pro idiaries)	ofit + equity	786	1,663	-877	-52.7	***	(°C) (+0.1)		
Ordinary profit	(1)		685	1,705	-1,020	-59.8	Pension asset	5	024 3Q sc. 31, 2024)	
Extraordinary profit/loss		-31	50	-81	-	Investment yield		0.74%		
Profit attributa	ble to owners o	f parent	365	1,155	-790	-68.3	(costs deducted)		0.74%	
	Temperature e	effect * (2)	-85	-15	-70	13-5	Year-end assets		2,370	
(Adjustment	Sliding effect ⁽³	Sliding effect ⁽³⁾		604	-492		(100 million yen)			
items)	(city gas + LNC	G sales)	(81+31)	(489+115)	(-408+-84)		<expected< td=""><td>annual rate of r</td><td>eturn: 2%></td></expected<>	annual rate of r	eturn: 2%>	
	Amortization o differences ⁽⁴⁾	f actuarial	77	17	60					
Adjusted ordin	ary profit (1)-(((2)+(3)+(4))	581	1,099	-518	-47.1				

Both sales and profits decreased for the nine months ended in December 31, 2024.

Net sales decreased by 589 hundred million yen. This was mainly due to a decrease in unit prices due to resource cost adjustments in the Energy Solution segment. Specifically, it was primarily due to the fact that raw material costs for the period from the latter half of FY2023 to FY2024, which were reflected to the gas charges in 3Q FY2024, were lower than previous fiscal year.

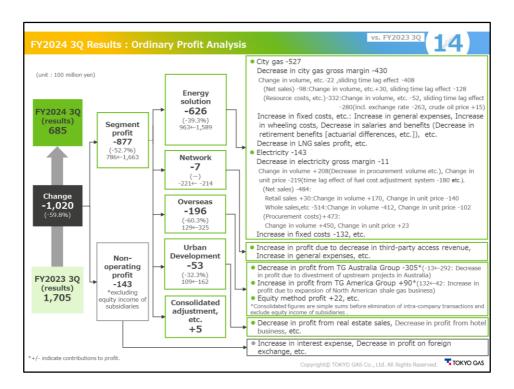
Operating profit decreased by 899 hundred million yen to 729 hundred million yen. The main factor for the decline was an increase in raw material costs in the Energy Solution segment due to a rise in resource prices as a result from factors such as the depreciation of the yen during the period.

Ordinary profit, which includes non-operating profit/loss, such as an increase in interest expenses, decreased by 1,020 hundred million yen to 685 hundred million yen.

After posting 86 hundred million yen in loss on valuation of investment securities, 35 hundred million yen in gain on sale of investment securities, and 20 hundred million yen in compensation for damage as extraordinary profit/loss, profit attributable to owners of parent decreased by 790 hundred million yen to 365 hundred million yen.

			Net sa	les*3	Segment Profit(Operating profit + Equity income/loss of subsidiaries)				
		FY2024 3Q Results	FY2023 3Q Results	Change	FY2024 3Q Results	%			
Energy so	olution*1 equity income of subsidiaries)	16,557	17,353	-796	-4.6	963	1,589	-626	-39.:
	City gas*2	11,723	11,986	-263	-2.2	581	1,108	-527	-47.6
	Electric Power	4,349	4,647	-298	-6.4	167	310	-143	-46.
Network		2,163	2,155	8	0.4	-221	-214	-7	
Overseas	business	1,186	993	193	19.4	129	325	-196	-60.
	(equity income of subsidiaries)	j		==	-	38	16	22	130.
	velopment quity income of subsidiaries)	460	530	-70	-13.3	109	162	-53	-32.
Adjustment*4		-1,929	-2,006	77	_	-194	-198	4	-
Consolidated		18,437	19,026	-589	-3.1	786	1,663	-877	-52.
	(equity income of subsidiaries)	-	-	-	_	56	34	22	61.9
*2 Includ *3 Segm	des city gas, LNG sales, trading, des city gas, LNG sales, and trad ent sales include internal transa tradition in segment profits includ	ing. ctions made betwe	en business units		ents.				

This slide shows net sales by segment and segment profit, which is operating profit plus equity income of subsidiaries, and the changes thereof.



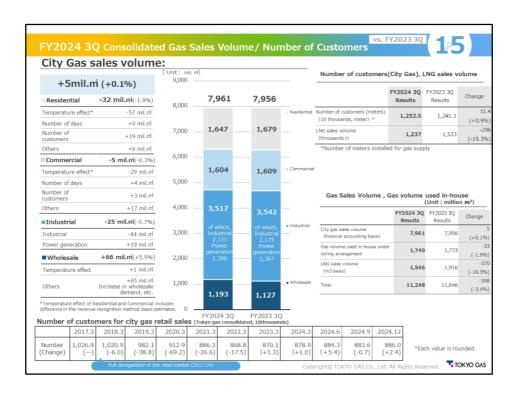
This slide shows the profit analysis for each segment.

The 626 hundred million yen decrease in profit of the Energy Solution segment mainly reflects a 430 hundred million yen decrease in gross margin due in part to a decrease in the sliding time lag effect, etc. in the city gas business and a 143 hundred million yen decrease due in part to a decrease in unit price resulting from fuel cost adjustments and an increase in fixed costs in the electricity business.

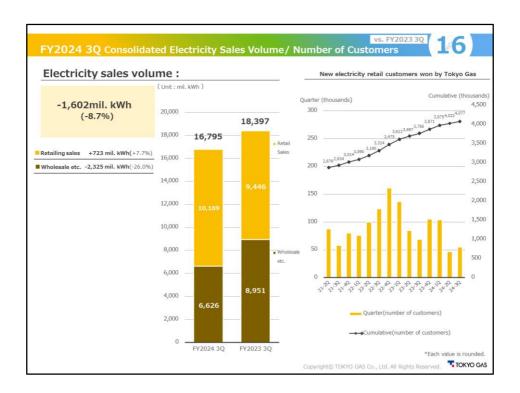
In the Network segment, general expenses, etc. increased, offsetting the increase in third-party access revenue. As a result, profit decreased by 7 hundred million yen.

Profit in the Overseas segment decreased by 196 hundred million yen, mainly due to the absence of the profit related to the sale of an upstream asset in Australia at the end of the previous fiscal year and the failure of the North American shale gas business, whose assets were realigned, to achieve the expected level of profit due to low gas prices.

Profit in the Urban Development segment decreased by 53 hundred million yen, mainly reflecting a decrease in profit from real estate sales and a decline in profit from the hotel business as a result of the closure of a hotel for renovation since May 2024.

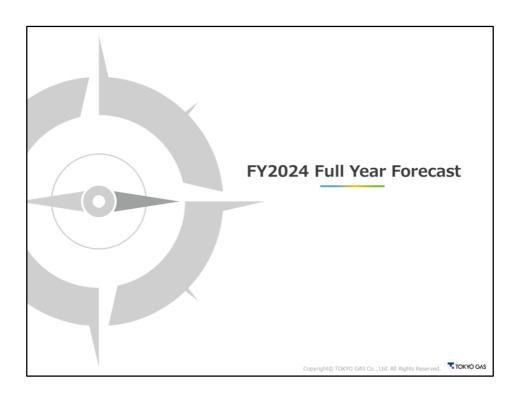


City gas sales volume until 3Q FY2024 increased by 0.1% to 7,961 million m3, which in total is close to the level of the corresponding period of the previous year. This was mainly due to an increase in wholesale volume resulting from higher demand from wholesale customers, which was partially offset by a fall in demand from residential and commercial customers as a result of high temperatures.



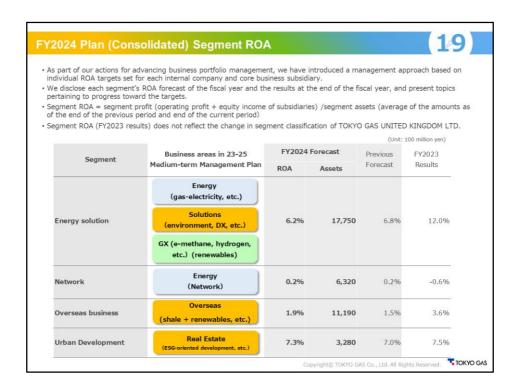
Total electricity sales volume until 3Q FY2024 decreased by 8.7% to 16,795 million kWh.

Retail electricity sales volume rose by 7.7%, mainly due to higher demand owing to an increase in the number of customers, while the sales volume to wholesale and others fell by 26.0%.



		FY2025	FY2024 Forecast	FY2023 Results	Reference
	profits g profit + equity income of es, 100 million yen)	1,500	1,245	2,233	
ROA		approx.	1.8%	4.5%	Net profit / Total assets (average of the amounts as of the end of the previous period and end of the current period)
ROE		approx.	4.3%	10.4%	Net profit / Shareholders' equity (average of the amounts as of the end of the previous period and end of the current period)
D/E ratio		approx.	0.82	0.85	
Factoring in hybrid bonds/loans*		0.9	0.78	0.81	No. of the Control of
	g cash flow on yen)	11,000 (FY23-FY25)	3,370	3,822	Net profit + Depreciation (including depreciation of long-term prepaid expenses)
	Growth investments	6,500	2,805	3,801	
(100 millio Investm ents (100 million yen)	(portion for decarbonization- related investments)	2,300 (FY23-FY25)	406	703	
	Infrastructure investments	3,500 (FY23-FY25)	1,168	1,008	
	Consolidated adjustment	-	-68	-5	
	Total	10,000 (FY23-FY25)	3,905	4,804	before offset

This slide shows the status of the key figures and investment plans of our Medium-term Management plan, which covers the period from FY2023 to FY2025.



This slide shows our segment ROA outlook for FY2024 compared to our previous outlook.

FY2024	Consolidat	ed Forec	ast Sa	les, Inte	erest,	etc. (Ap	r. 1, 2024		. Previous Fore : 31, 2025)	Last	20	
High	lights: Sal	es Up, I	Profit	Down(vs. Prev	ious Foreca	ast)					
		vs. Previous Forecast	5					(+/	- indicate impact o	on profit, 1	.00 million	yen)
1	let sales	+36) Increase	e in Oversea	s busines	s sales due	to exchange	rate effec	t, etc.			
Operating -80				Decrease in Energy Solution profits due to changes in the economic framework, etc.								
	extraordinary profit/loss	-79	9	(Extra	ordinary	Com loss)Loss or	pensation for n valuation of fit) Gain on s	damages finvestm sales of in	t securities 47, s received 20 ent securities -86 ivestment securiti damages receive	es 39,		
_							(Unit: 100 m	million yen)	Economic framework Fo	Forecast	Previous Forecast	FY2023 Results
		Forecast	Previous Forecast	Change	%	FY2023 Results	Change	%	Exchange rate (Y/\$)	151.98 (+3.09)	148.89	144.5
	me (million m3, 45MJ)	11,260	11,495	-235	-2.0	11,303	-43	-0.4	Crude oil price	81.49	78.34	
	lume (million kWh)	23,579	24,062	-483	-2.0	25,479	-1,900	-7.5	(\$/bbl)	(+3.15)	78.34	85.
Net sales		26,890	26,530	360	1.4	26,645	245	0.9			17.2	17.5
Operating profit Segment profit (operating profit + equity		1,170	1,250	-80	-6.4	2,203	-1,033	-46.9	1-7	(+0.3)		
egment pront (c ncome of subsidia		1,245	1,320	-75	-5.7	2,233	-988	-44.3	*4Q:\$75.00/bbl,¥150/\$			
Ordinary profit ⁽¹⁾		1,030	30 1,060 -30 -2.8 2,281 -1,251 -54	-54.9	Pension assets Foreca		Previous Forecast	FY2023 Results				
Extraordinary profit/loss		-20	59	-79	-	239	-259	_	Investment yield		rorecase	Results
Profit attributable	to owners of parent	720	810	-90	-11.1	1,699	-979	-57.6	(costs deducted)	2.219	6 -1.90%	0.37
	Temperature effect * (2	-102	-59	-43	-	-51	-51	-	Anni	ity		
(Adjustment	Sliding effect ⁽³⁾	263	390	-127	_	750	-487		Discount port	1.159	6 0.81%	0.48
items)	(city gas + LNG sales)	(223+40)	(328 + 62)	(-105+-22)	_	(610+140)	(-387+-100)		rate Lump-s		6 0.37%	0.19
	Amortization of actuarial differences ⁽⁴⁾	103	103	0	-	23	80	-	Year-end assets	2,40	0 2,430	2,5
djusted ordinary	profit (1)-((2)+(3)+(4))	766	626	140	22.4	1,559	-793	-50.9	(100 million yen)	2,40	2,-130	2,3

For the FY2024 full year, we have raised our forecast for net sales, and lowered our forecast for profit attributable to owners of parent. As for our economic framework for January onward, which serves as the basis for our earnings forecast, our forecast foreign exchange rate is 150 yen to the dollar, and forecast crude oil price is 75 dollars per barrel.

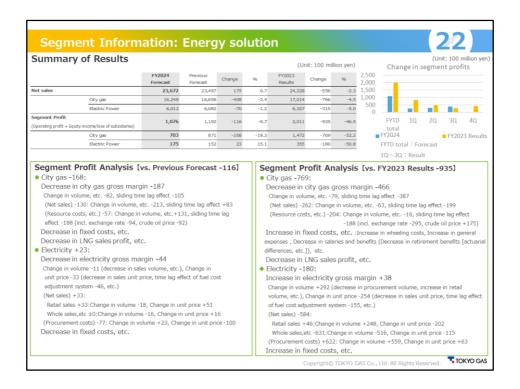
Our net sales forecast has been raised by 360 hundred million yen, or 1.4%, mainly due to a rise in the sales forecast as a result of the impact of foreign exchange rates in the Overseas segment.

On the other hand, our forecast for operating profit has been reduced by 80 hundred million yen, or 6.4%, to 1,170 hundred million yen, mainly due to a decrease in **profits from sliding time lag effect as a result of changes in economic framework** in the Energy Solution segment

Our forecast for ordinary profit, which includes non-operating income and expenses such as interest income and interest expenses, has been reduced by 30 hundred million yen to 1,030 hundred million yen, while our forecast for profit attributable to owners of parent has been reduced by 90 hundred million yen to 720 hundred million yen, which includes extraordinary profit and loss, such as loss on valuation of investment securities recorded in 3Q FY2024.

			Net sa	nles*3		Segment Profit(Operating profit Equity income/loss of subsidiaries)				
		Forecast	Previous Forecast	Change	%	Forecast	Previous Forecast	Change	%	
Energy soluti	tion*1 ty income of subsidiaries)	23,672	23,497	175	0.7	1,076	1,192	-116	-9.7	
	City gas*2	16,248	16,656	-408	-2.4	703	871	-168	-19.3	
	Electric Power	6,012	6,082	-70	-1.2	175	152	23	15.1	
Network		3,320	3,346	-26	-0.8	12	12	0	-	
Overseas bu	siness	1,796	1,608	188	11.7	208	165	43	26.1	
	(equity income of subsidiaries)	-	-	_	_	51	47	4	8.5	
Urban Develo (including equity	opment income of subsidiaries)	780	777	3	0.4	231	216	15	6.9	
Adjustment ⁺⁴		-2,678	-2,688	10	_	-283	-265	-18	-	
Consolidated	ı	26,890	26,530	360	1.4	1,245	1,320	-75	-5.7	
	(equity income of subsidiaries)	-	-	i —		71	64	7	10.9	
*2 Includes cit *3 Segment sa	(equity income of subsidiaries) by gas, LNG sales, trading, electrity y gas, LNG sales, and trading, all gas, and trading, and and the sales, and trading, and the sales of the sales of the sales of the trading sales of the sales of the sales of the trading sales of the sales of the sales of the sales of the trading sales of the sales of the sales of the sales of the sales of the sales of the sales of the sales of the sales of the sales of the sales of the	nade between b	usiness units.			71	64	7	1	

This slide shows our forecast for net sales and profit by segment and changes from the previous forecast.



The 116 hundred million yen decrease in our profit forecast for the Energy Solution segment reflects the lowered gross margin forecast, owing in part to a lower forecast for profits from sliding time lag effect in city gas after reflecting the rise in crude oil prices and the impact of the depreciation of the yen.

Segment Information: Energy solution Summary of Results FY2024 Previous FY2023 Change Change Forecast Forecast Results Segment Assets 17,750 17,890 -140 -0.8 17,083 667 3.9 ROA (%) 6.2 -8.8 48.3 749* 758* Depreciation -1.2 905 1,053 -14.1 -82 -12.7 487 81 16.7 568 650 Capital Expenditure City gas 355 433 18.1 241 114 47.4 241 5.8 Electric Power 212 -29 200 12 Total(Growth inv 448 460 -12 -2.5 -48 -9.8 Investments and financing (before offset) City gas -51.9 483 Electric Pow 232

iation includes amortization of long-term prepaid exper

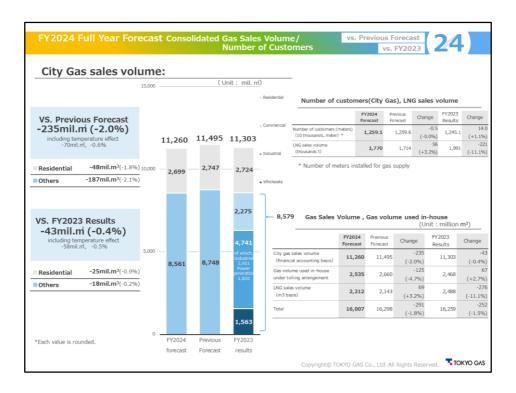
FY2024 Focuses

- Expand the Solutions business's sales by growing the IGNITURE brand
- Increase Trading business by implementing and refining AO&T
- Improve customer experience by redesigning/standardizing processes through deployment of the new Kraken customer service system
- Revision of low voltage electricity rate
- Improved operational efficiency through going paperless with meter reading slips and charges for postage of documents (meter reading slips and payment slips), and elimination of discounts for direct debits

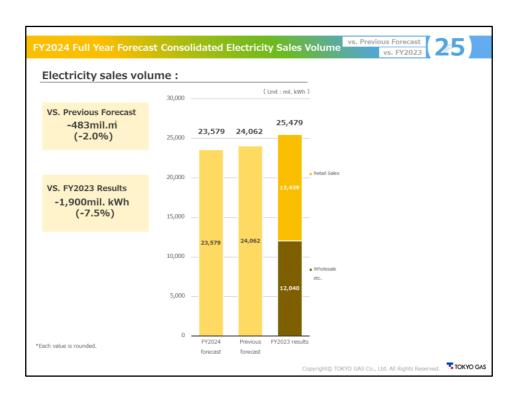
Key Topics in FY2024 3Q (Excerpted from Press Releases)

- Revision of low voltage electricity rate
 Strengthening design and installation capabilities toward expansion of solar power generation solutions for corporations: Agreement signed for transfer of IDEC Systems & Controls Corporation shares
 Establishment of the international e-methane alliance"e-NG Coalition"
 Appointment of Operator for the Offshore Wind Power Project Off the Coast of Yuza Town, Yamagata Prefecture, Japan

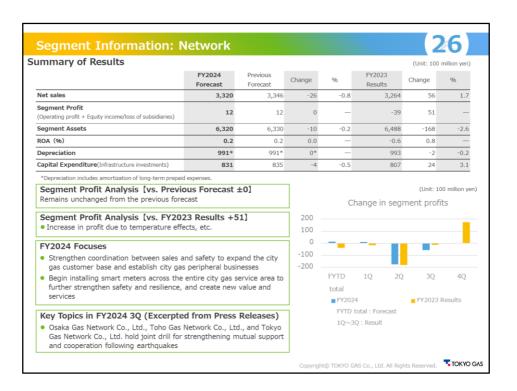
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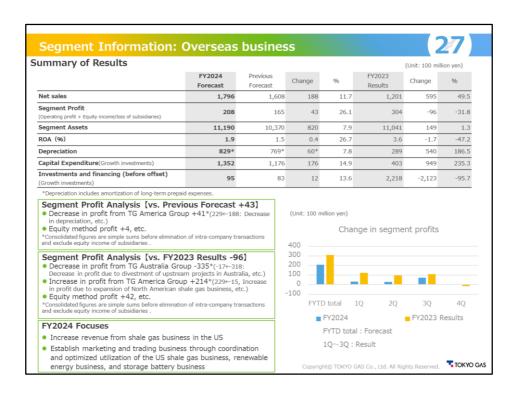
Our forecast for the overall city gas sales volume has been reduced by 235 million m3, or 2.0%, from the previous forecast, reflecting a decrease in the forecast for sales volumes to residential customers due to high temperatures, as well as a decrease in the forecast for demand from industrial customers.



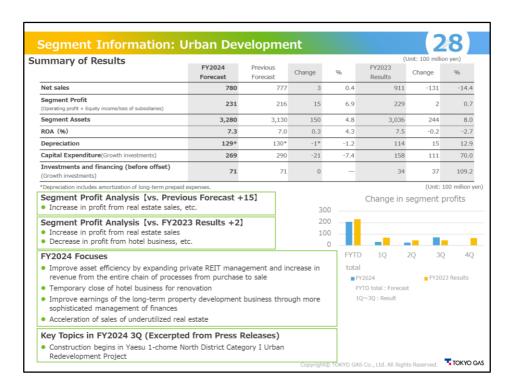
Our overall electricity sales volume forecast is reduced by 483 million kWh, or 2.0%, reflecting a slight decrease based on the latest customer count and contract status.



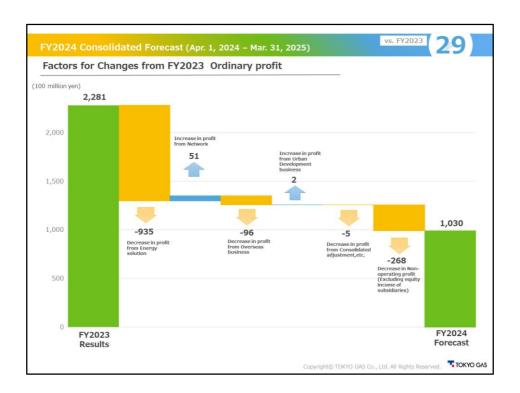
Our forecast for segment profit of the Network segment is unchanged from the previous forecast.



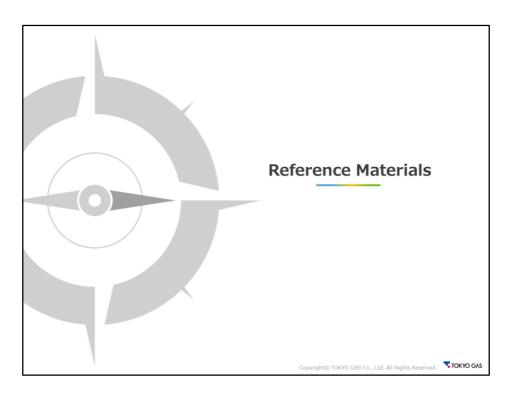
The 43 hundred million yen increase in the profit forecast for the Overseas segment reflects a rise in our sales profit forecast mainly due the impact of the depreciation of the yen at the end of December and a decrease in expenses.



For the Urban Development segment, we have raised our profit forecast by 15 hundred million yen, reflecting an increase in our forecast for profit from the sale of real estate.

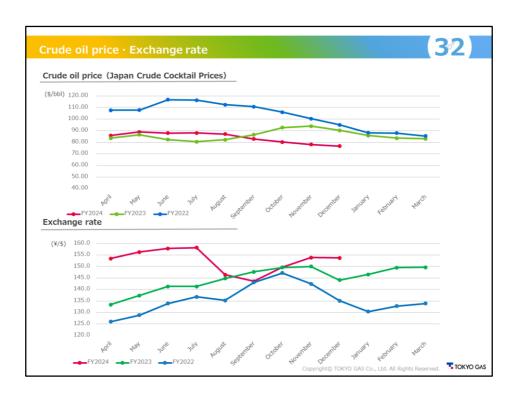


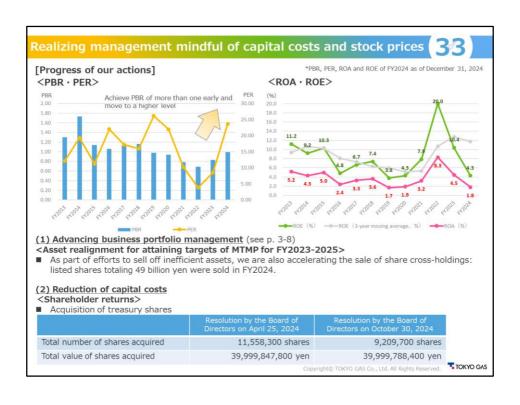
This slide illustrates the changes in profit for each major element of change from the previous fiscal year.

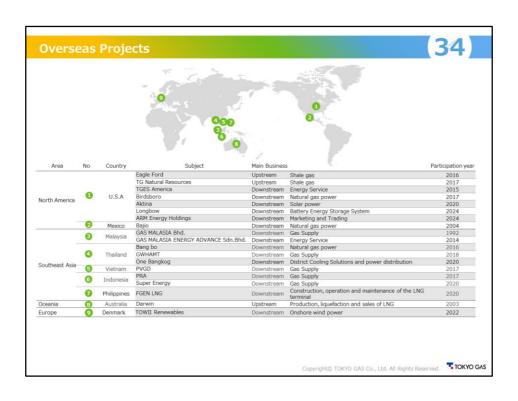


These reference materials include the economic frame sensitivity table, crude oil prices and exchange rates, and information on major overseas investments. While main topics of our initiatives in "realizing management mindful of capital costs and stock prices" are stated at the beginning of this presentation, supplementary information are also included here.

Gas Gross Margin Sensitivity to Change in Crude Oil Price and Exchange Rate Impact of rising JCC (Japan Crude Cocktail Prices) by \$1/bbl (Unit: 100 million yen) Impact on earnings 4Q **Period** 0 **4Q** Impact of depreciation of the yen by ¥1/\$ (Unit: 100 million yen) Impact on earnings 4Q -10 **Period 4Q** Copyright@ TOKYO GAS Co., Ltd. All Rights Reserved. TOKYO GAS









< Cautionary Statement regarding Forward-looking Statements >

Statements made in this presentation with respect to Tokyo Gas's present plans, forecasts, strategies and beliefs, and other statements herein that are not expressions of historical fact are forward-looking statements about the future performance of the Company. As such, they are based on management's assumptions and opinions stemming from currently available information and therefore involve risks and uncertainties.

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The Company's actual performance may greatly differ from these projections, due to these risks and uncertainties which include without limitation general economic conditions in Japan, crude oil prices, the weather, changes in the foreign exchange rate of the yen, rapid technological innovations and the Company's responses to the progress of deregulation.

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