

## World's 1st! Commence Manufacturing of CO<sub>2</sub>-absorbing Concrete that Uses Exhaust Gas Emitted During the Use of City Gas Devices

Tokyo Gas Co., Ltd.  
KAJIMA CORPORATION

Tokyo Gas Co., Ltd. (President: UCHIDA Takashi; "Tokyo Gas") and KAJIMA CORPORATION (President: AMANO Hiromasa; "KAJIMA") have agreed to jointly undertake technology to manufacture CO<sub>2</sub>-SUICOM<sup>®</sup>, a CO<sub>2</sub>-absorbing concrete developed by KAJIMA, etc., by absorbing and solidifying CO<sub>2</sub> contained in exhaust gas released when using city gas equipment. Both companies conducted test manufacturing of concrete curb blocks at the Tokyo Gas Senju Techno Station to confirm that it is possible to absorb and solidify CO<sub>2</sub> contained in exhaust gas released when using city gas equipment. The blocks were introduced in the exterior construction at Tokyo Gas Hitachi LNG Terminal.

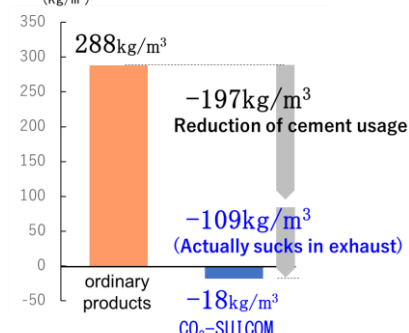
This is the world's first endeavor to manufacture CO<sub>2</sub>-absorbing concrete that uses exhaust gas emitted from city gas equipment.

Tokyo Gas and KAJIMA aim to contribute to the reduction of total CO<sub>2</sub> emissions in Japan and to the realization of a decarbonized society by pushing forward with technological development to further increase the volume of CO<sub>2</sub> that is solidified, and by using the CO<sub>2</sub>-SUICOM technology in unreinforced precast concrete block products (including foundation blocks for solar power plant facilities and boundary blocks).

■ Why undertake this? The goal of both companies.

Carbon cycle technologies that absorb and effectively use CO<sub>2</sub> are gaining attention as one measure for addressing climate change. Of these technologies, the solidification of CO<sub>2</sub> inside concrete is a promising technology. The technological development this time around will realize a CO<sub>2</sub> reduction of around 300kg (0.3 tons) for each 1m<sup>3</sup> concrete block. The two companies aim to supply a plant-like concrete block will result in negative CO<sub>2</sub> levels in the atmosphere while carrying out production activities.

Comparison of ordinary products and CO<sub>2</sub>-SUICOM (kg/m<sup>3</sup>)



Exterior of manufacturing test equipment  
(Tokyo Gas Senju Techno Station)



Test manufactured CO<sub>2</sub>-absorbing  
Concrete Products  
(Ground boundary blocks)



Status of introduction  
(Tokyo Gas Hitachi LNG Terminal)

<Reference: CO<sub>2</sub>-SUICOM properties [https://www.kajima.co.jp/tech/c\\_eco/co2/index.html#body\\_02](https://www.kajima.co.jp/tech/c_eco/co2/index.html#body_02)>

- Ordinary concrete hardens owing to a reaction between cement and water. CO<sub>2</sub>-SUICOM hardens with absorbing CO<sub>2</sub> by replacing more than half of its cement with special admixture, γ-C<sub>2</sub>S, etc., (made from industrial by-product from chemical plants).
- This will realize below-zero CO<sub>2</sub> emissions by effectively using industrial waste and solidifying mass amounts of CO<sub>2</sub> in concrete.

\*Tokyo Gas/KAJIMA survey